

*CP Violation
and
Rare K- and B-Decays
at the End of
the Second Millennium*

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(Technical University Munich)
(September 1999)*

1. Grand View

2. Present Status of 

3. Present Status of ε'/ε

4. Rare B-Decays

5. Rare K-Decays

6. \mathcal{CP} in B-Decays

7. Summary

1.

Grand View

Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa Matrix

Parameters: λ, A, ρ, η (Wolfenstein)

$$\lambda=0.22$$

	d	s	b
u	$1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}$	λ	V_{ub}
c	$-\lambda$	$1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}$	V_{cb}
t	V_{td}	V_{ts}	1

$$V_{us} = \lambda + O(\lambda^7)$$

$$V_{cb} = A\lambda^2 + O(\lambda^8)$$

$$V_{ts} = -A\lambda^2 + O(\lambda^4)$$

$$(A = 0.82 \pm 0.04)$$

$$V_{ub} \equiv A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta)$$

$$V_{td} \equiv A\lambda^3(1 - \bar{\rho} - i\bar{\eta})$$

$$\bar{\rho} = \rho \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right)$$

$$\bar{\eta} = \eta \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right)$$

(AJB, Lautenbacher, Ostermaier, 94)

$$R_b \equiv \sqrt{\bar{\rho}^2 + \bar{\eta}^2} = \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right) \frac{1}{\lambda} \left| \frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}} \right|$$

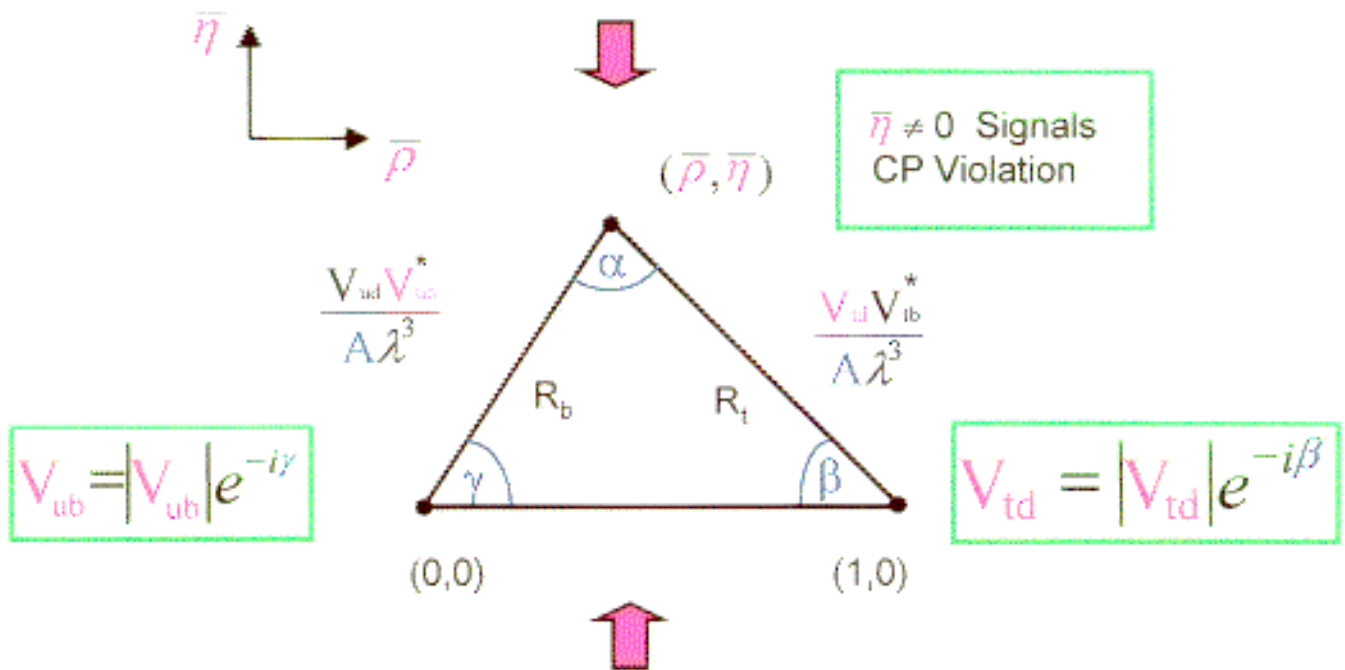
Circle around
 $(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta}) = (0,0)$

$$R_t \equiv \sqrt{(1 - \bar{\rho})^2 + \bar{\eta}^2} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{cb}} \right|$$

Circle around
 $(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta}) = (1,0)$

Unitarity Triangle

$$V_{ud} V_{ub}^* + V_{cd} V_{cb}^* + V_{td} V_{tb}^* = 0$$



An Important Target of Particle Physics

$$J_{\text{CP}} = \lambda \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right) \text{Im } \lambda_t = 2 \cdot \text{Area of unrescaled UT}$$

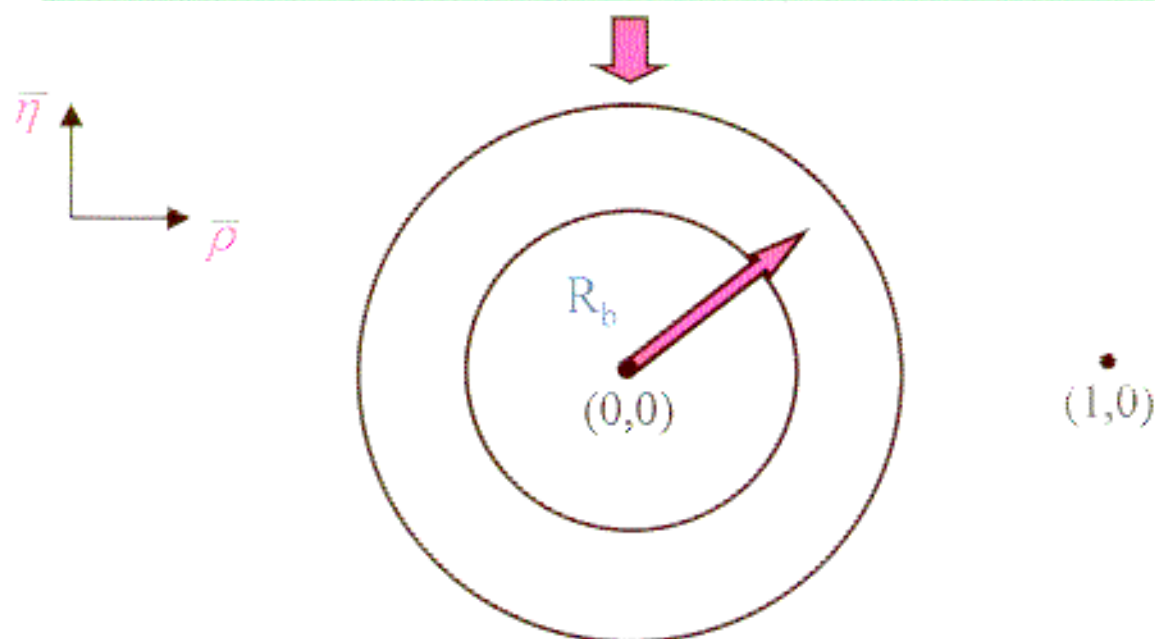
$\lambda_t = V_{ts}^* V_{td}$

Information from Tree Level Decays

$$|V_{us}| = 0.2205 \pm 0.0018 = \lambda$$

$$|V_{cb}| = 0.040 \pm 0.002 \quad (A = 0.82 \pm 0.04)$$

$$\left| \frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}} \right| = 0.091 \pm 0.016 \quad (R_b = 0.40 \pm 0.07)$$



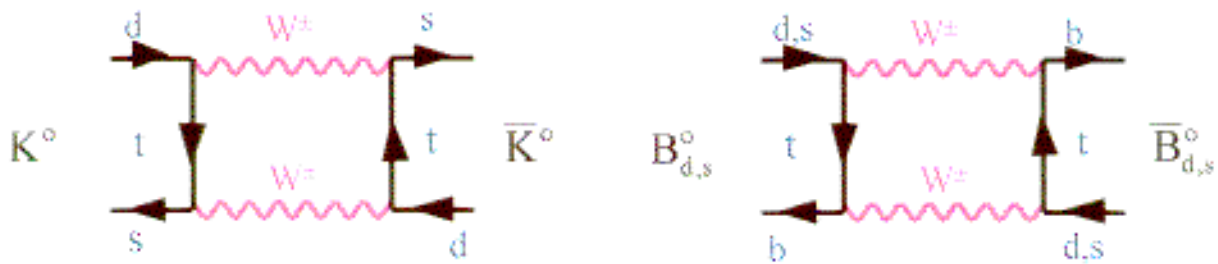
Apex of Unitarity Triangle somewhere on this Band

To find it **GO TO**

**Loop Induced
Decays**

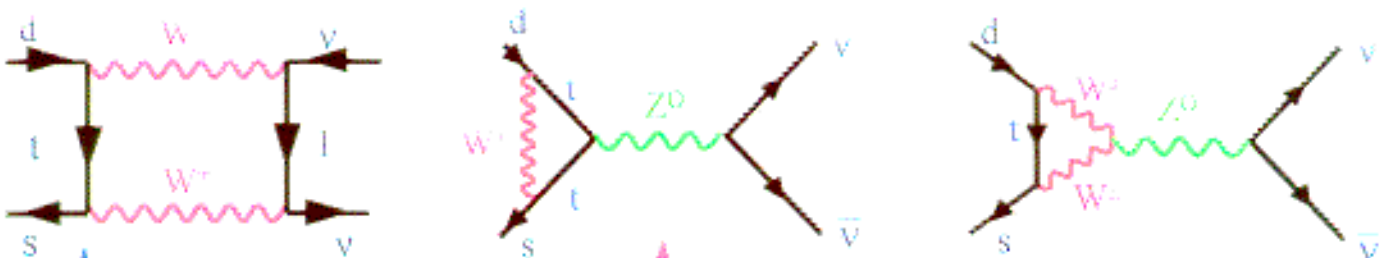
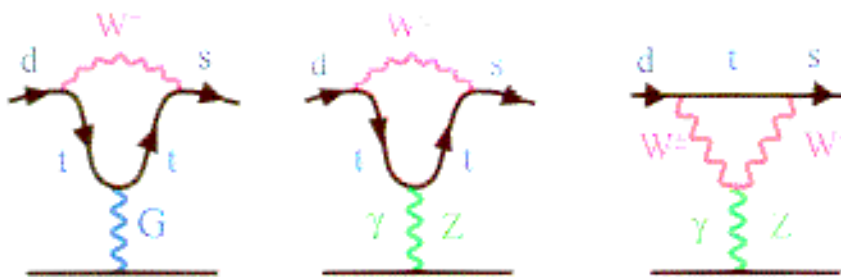
**CP-Violation
in B-Decays**

FCNC \equiv Loop Induced Decays

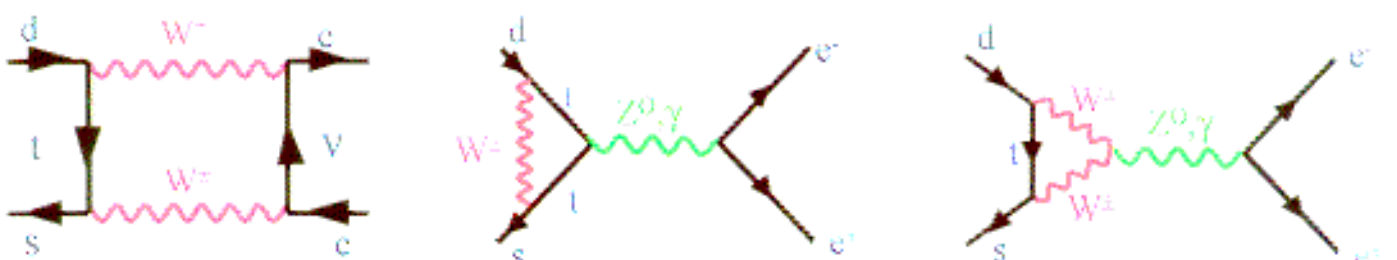


ϵ_K -Parameter
 $\Delta M(K_L-K_S)$

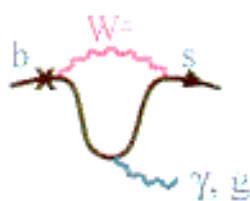
$B_d^0 - \bar{B}_d^0$ Mixing



$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ $K_L \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}$ $B \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}$ $B \rightarrow X_S \nu \bar{\nu}$



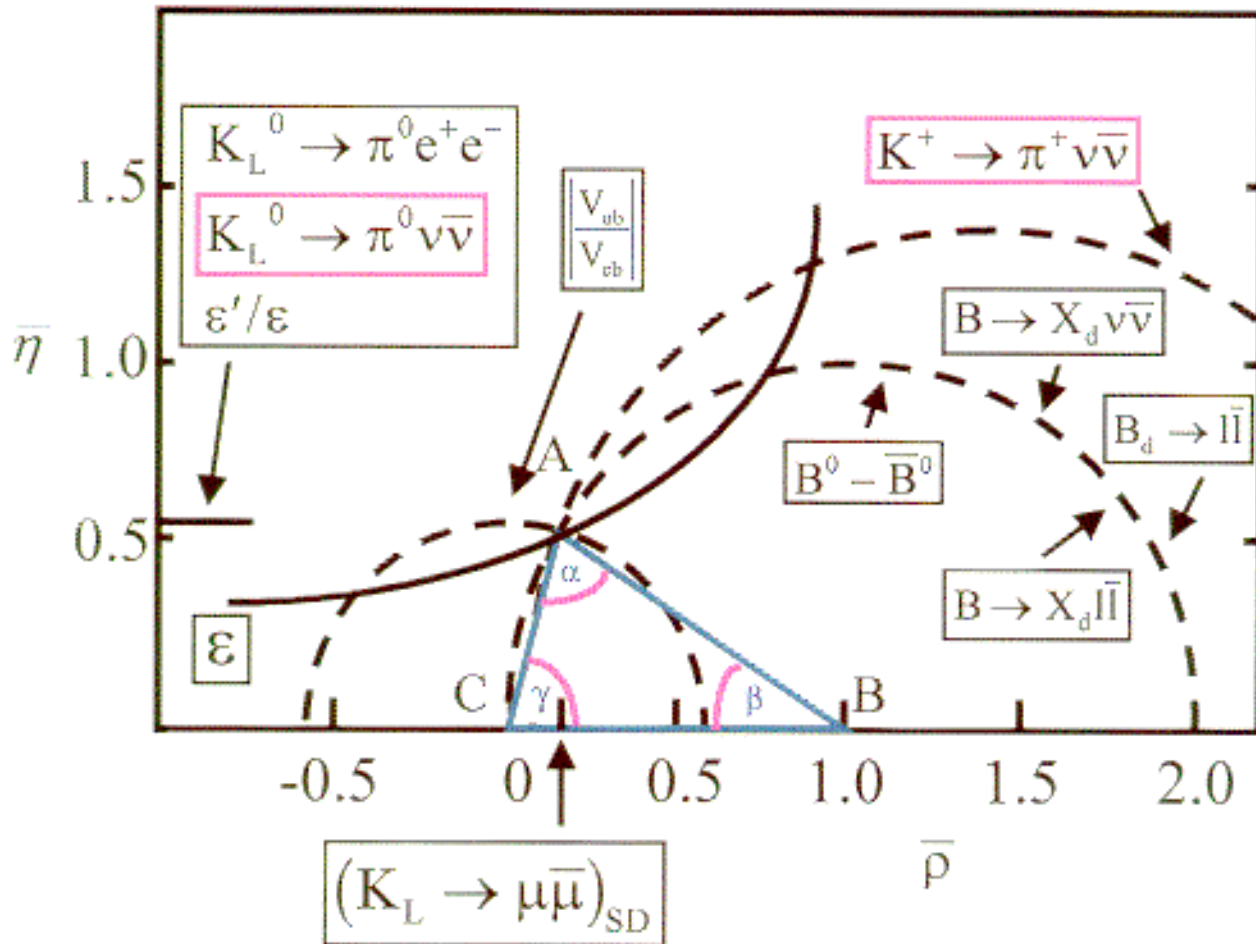
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ $B \rightarrow X_S e^+ e^-$, $X_S \mu \bar{\mu}$



$B \rightarrow X_S \gamma$ $B \rightarrow K^* \gamma$
 $B \rightarrow X_d \gamma$ $b \rightarrow s$ gluon

Hunting Δ with Rare and ~~CP~~ Decays

2011:



**Quark Mixing and CP Violation
closely related in the St. Model**



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{CP Asymmetries} \\ \text{in} \\ \text{B-Decays} \end{array} \right\} \longrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sin 2\alpha \\ \sin 2\beta \\ \sin \gamma \end{array} \right\}$$

1989-1998

Electroweak Precision Studies

$\alpha_{\text{QED}}, G_{\text{F}}, M_{\text{Z}}, m_{\text{t}}, m_{\text{H}}$

$(M_{\text{W}}, \sin^2\theta_{\text{W}})$

2000-2011

Spontaneous
Symmetry
Breakdown

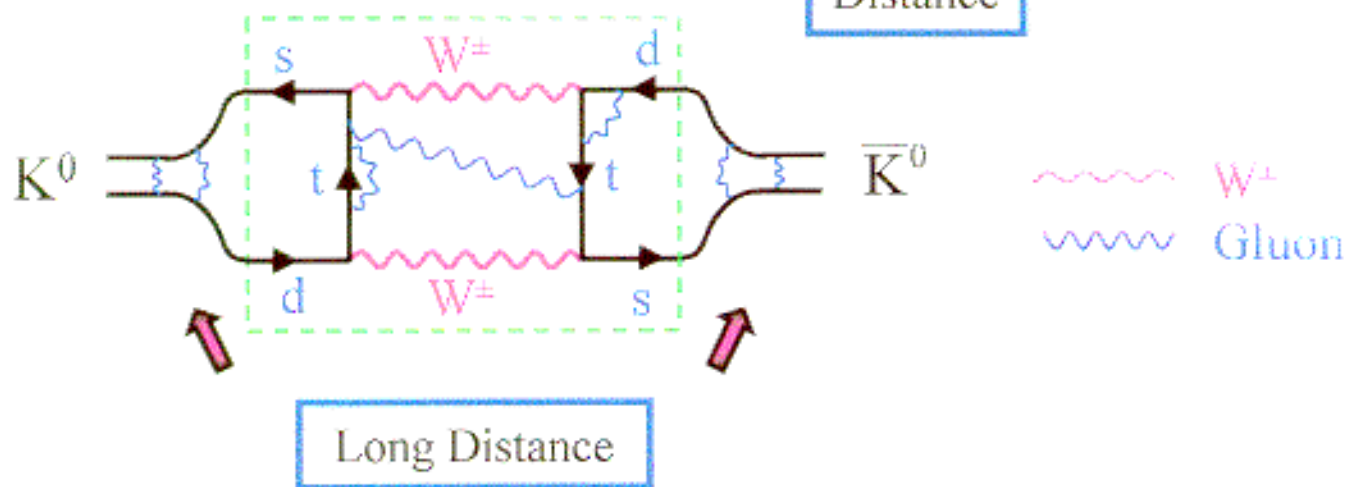
CKM Precision Studies

$\lambda, A, \rho, \eta, m_{\text{t}}$

The Problem of Strong Interactions

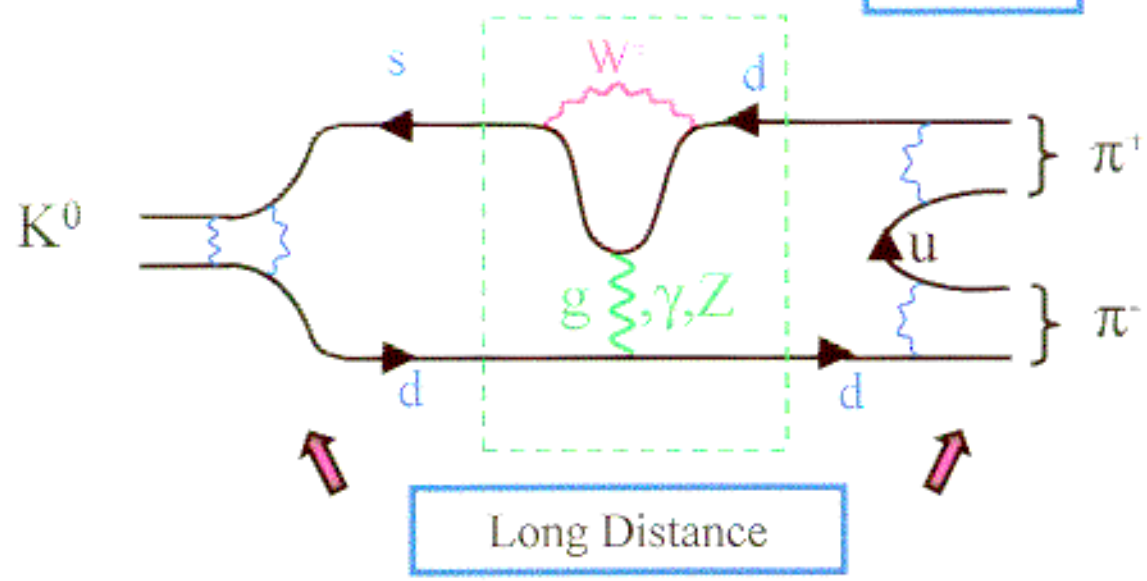
$K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ Mixing

Short Distance



$K^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

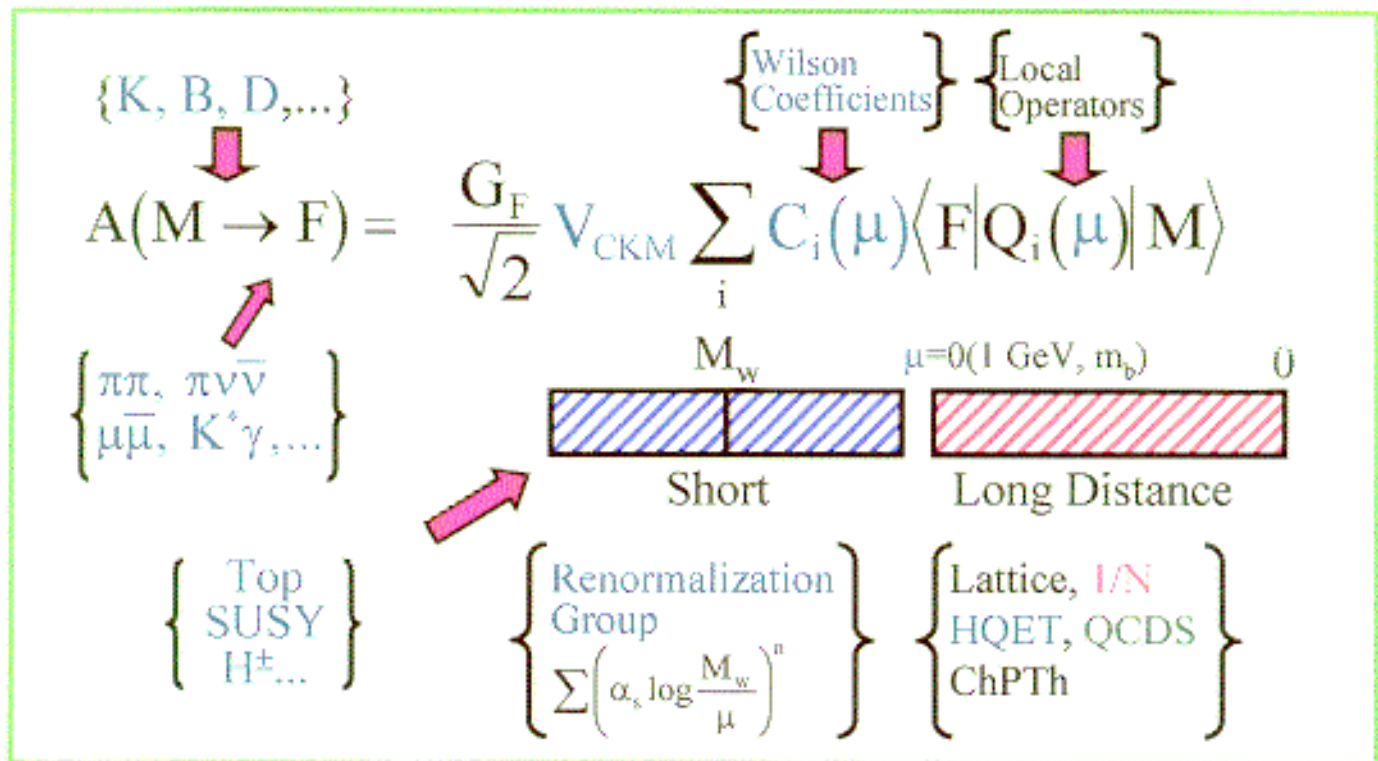
Short Distance



SD : Perturbative
(Asymptotic Freedom)

LD : Non-Perturbative
(Confinement)

Operator Product Expansion



$$\langle \bar{K}^0 | (\bar{s}d)_{V-A} (\bar{s}d)_{V-A} | K^0 \rangle = \frac{8}{3} \hat{B}_K F_K^2 m_K^2 [\alpha_s(\mu)]^{2/9}$$

$$Q_6 = (\bar{s}_\alpha d_\beta)_{V-A} \sum_{q=u,d,s} (\bar{q}_\beta q_\alpha)_{V+A} \quad \rightarrow B_6$$

$$Q_8 = \frac{3}{2} (\bar{s}_\alpha d_\beta)_{V-A} \sum_{q=u,d,s} e_q (\bar{q}_\beta q_\alpha)_{V+A} \quad \rightarrow B_8$$

$$\langle (\pi\pi)_{I=0} | Q_6 | K^0 \rangle = -4 \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \left[\frac{m_K^2}{m_s(\mu)} \right]^2 (F_K - F_\pi) B_6(\mu)$$

Very weak μ -dependence

Main Theoretical Uncertainties

1. Values of $\langle F|Q_i(\mu)|M \rangle$

2. Matching between

$C_i(\mu)$ and $\langle F|Q_i(\mu)|M \rangle$



Full control
over μ
and Renormalization
Scheme dependence

Poor control
over μ
and Renormalization
Scheme dependence



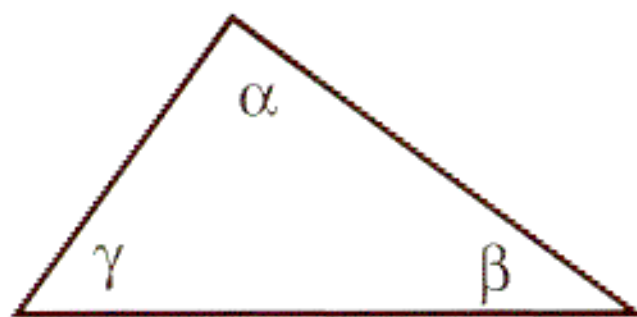
Left over unphysical
 μ and RS dependence

Status of NLO

Review: Buchalla, AJB, Lautenbacher (Rev. Mod. Phys. 96)

Decay	Authors
$\Delta F=1$ Hamiltonians (Current – Current)	Altarelli, Curci, Martinelli, Petrarca; AJB + Weisz
NLO Corrections to B_{SL}	ACMP, Buchalla ; Bagan, Ball, Braun, Gosdzinsky; Lenz, Nierste, Ostermaier
$\Delta M (K_L - K_S)$	Herrlich, Nierste (η_1)
$B_{d,s}^0 - \bar{B}_{d,s}^0$ Mixing	AJB, Jamin, Weisz (η_2^B)
ϵ_K	AJB, Jamin, Weisz (η_2^K) Herrlich, Nierste (η_3^K)
$\Delta S=1, \Delta B=1$ Hamiltonians with QCD and EW Penguins ϵ'/ϵ	AJB, Jamin, Lautenbacher, Weisz Ciuchini, Franco, Martinelli, Reina
$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$	AJB, Lautenbacher, Misiak, Münz
$B \rightarrow X_{s,d} \gamma$ $B \rightarrow X_{s,d} g$	Chetyrkin, Misiak, Münz; Greub, Hurth, Wyler; Ali, Greub; Pott; Adel, Yao; AJB, Kwiatkowski, Pott; Ciuchini, Degrassi, Gambino, Giudice
$B \rightarrow X_{s,d} l^+ l^-$	Misiak; AJB, Münz
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}, B \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}$ $K_L \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}, B \rightarrow X_s \nu \bar{\nu}, K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu \bar{\mu}$	Buchalla, AJB (94) Misiak, Urban (98)
Inclusive $\Delta S=1$	Jamin, Pich

Present Status of



Standard Analysis

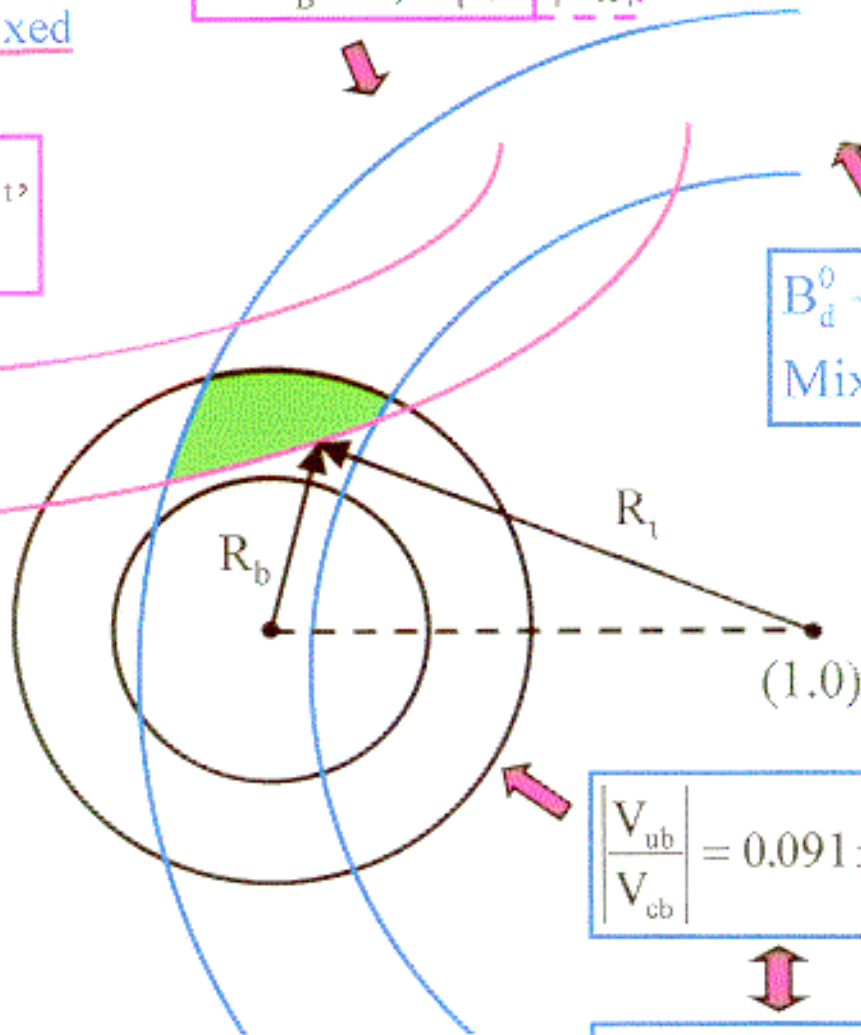
$(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta})$ - Plane
 $(m_t, |V_{cb}|) = \text{fixed}$

as $F_B \sqrt{B}, m_t \downarrow$ $|V_{cb}|$

as B_K, m_t
 $|V_{cb}|$

$B_d^0 - \bar{B}_d^0$
 Mixing

Indirect
~~CP~~ in
 $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi$
 ϵ_K

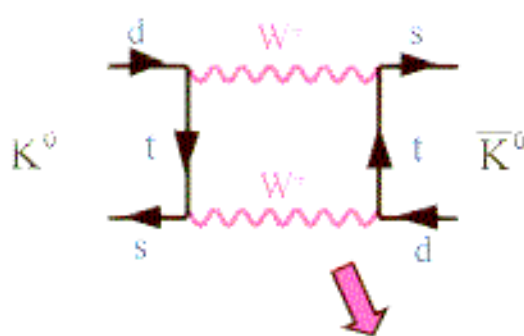


$$\frac{|V_{ub}|}{|V_{cb}|} = 0.091 \pm 0.016$$

$$R_b = 0.40 \pm 0.07$$

$|V_{td}|$, Unitarity Triangle,
 Predictions for Rare and
 CP Violating Decays

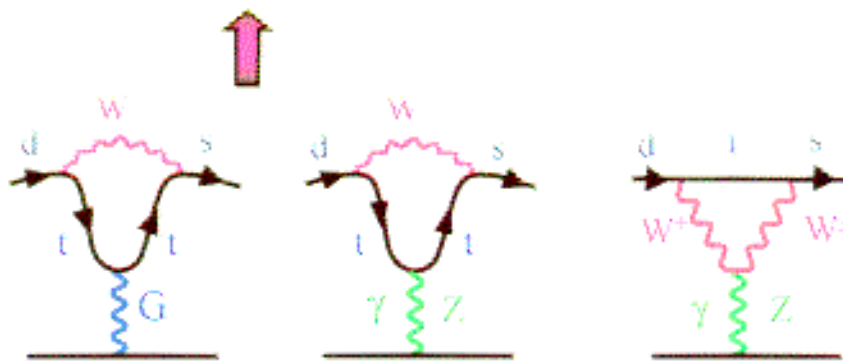
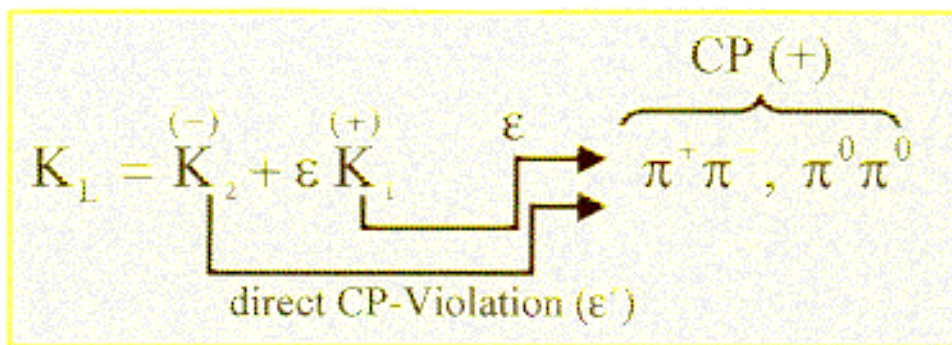
Direct and indirect CP in $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi$



$(K^0 - \bar{K}^0 \text{ Mixing})$

Mass Eigenstates are not CP Eigenstates

indirect CP violation (ϵ)



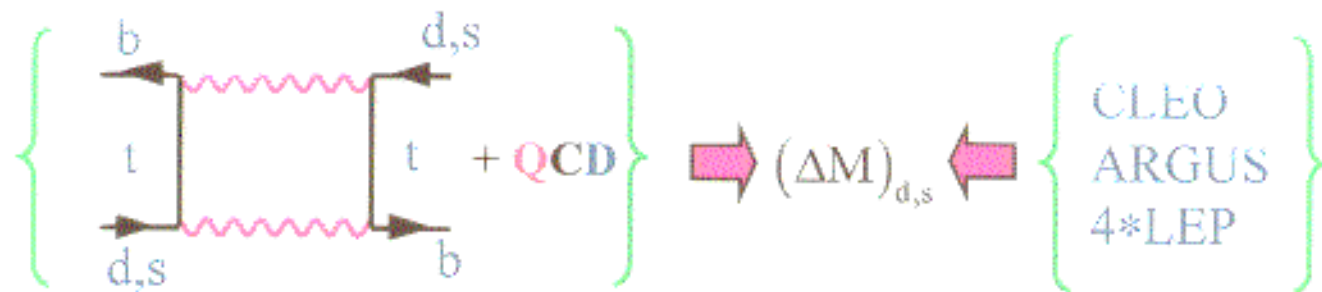
$$\eta_{+-} \equiv \frac{A(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)}{A(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)} = \epsilon + \epsilon'$$

$$\eta_{00} \equiv \frac{A(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0)}{A(K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0)} = \epsilon - 2\epsilon'$$


$$\text{Re}\left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right) = \frac{1}{6} \left(1 - \left| \frac{\eta_{00}}{\eta_{+-}} \right|^2 \right)$$

$\epsilon'=0$ in Superweak Models
Wolfenstein (64)

B_{d,s}⁰ - B̄_{d,s}⁰ Mixing



$$|V_{td}| = 8.8 \cdot 10^{-3} \underbrace{\left[\frac{200 \text{ MeV}}{F_{Bd} \sqrt{B_d}} \right]}_{\text{Theory}} \sqrt{\frac{0.55}{\eta_B}} \underbrace{\left[\frac{170 \text{ GeV}}{\bar{m}_t(m_t)} \right]^{0.76} \left[\frac{(\Delta M)_d}{0.50 / \text{ps}} \right]^{1/2}}_{\text{Experiment}}$$

$$R_t = \left[\frac{|V_{td}|}{8.8 \cdot 10^{-3}} \right] \left[\frac{0.040}{|V_{cb}|} \right]$$


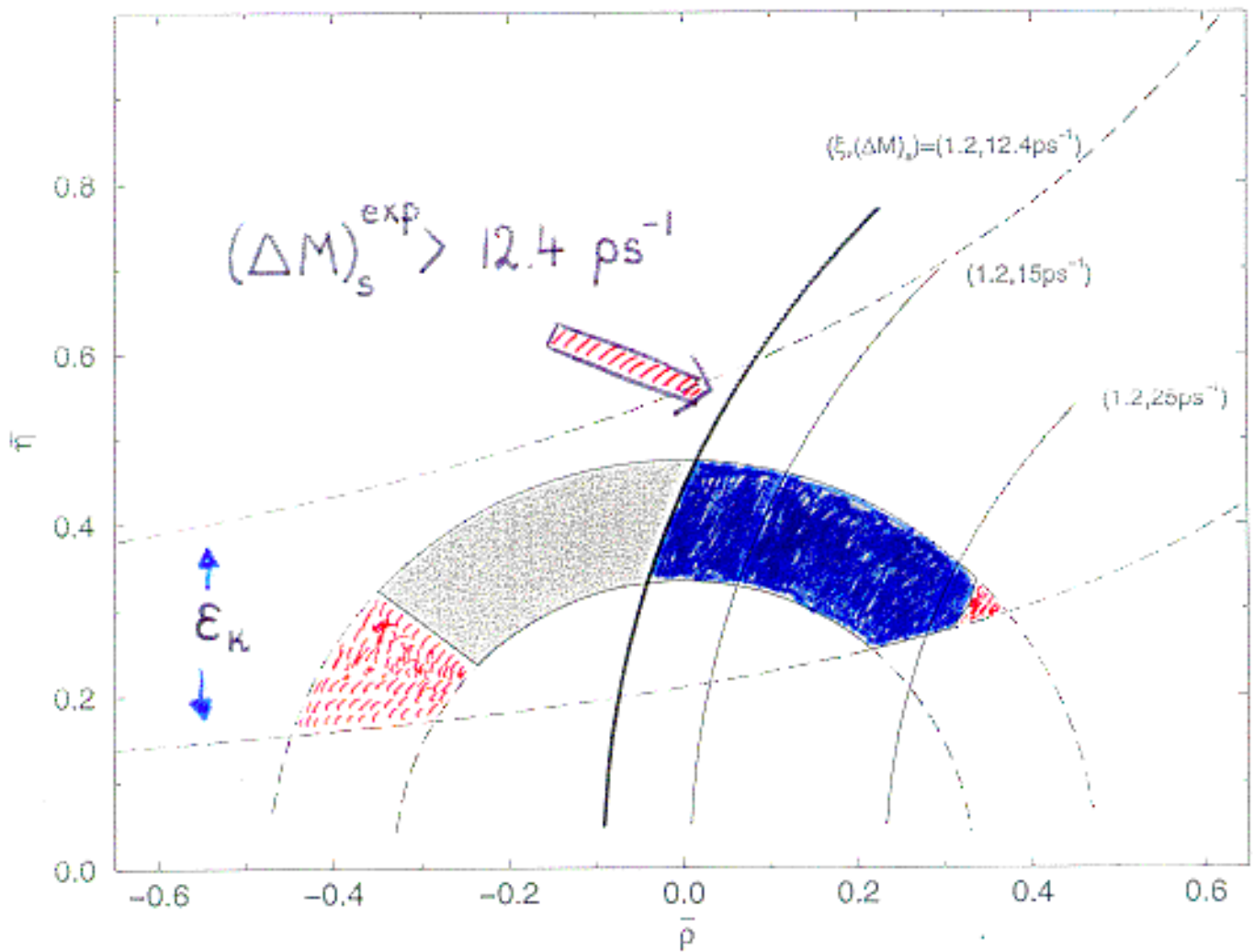
$$R_t^{\text{max}} = \xi \sqrt{\frac{10.2 / \text{ps}}{(\Delta M)_s}} \quad \xi = \frac{F_{Bs} \sqrt{B_s}}{F_{Bd} \sqrt{B_d}}$$


Exp: $\bar{m}(m_t) = 166 \pm 5 \text{ GeV}$ (CDF, DØ)
 $(\Delta M)_d = (0.471 \pm 0.016) / \text{ps}$ (LEP, CLEO)
 ★ $(\Delta M)_s > 12.4 / \text{ps}$ (LEP)

TH: $\eta_B = 0.55 \pm 0.01$ (AJB, Jamin, Weisz)
 $F_{Bd} \sqrt{B_d} = 200 \pm 40 \text{ MeV}; \quad \xi = 1.14 \pm 0.08$ (Q)
 10% (?)

Present Unitarity Triangle

(1999 : $(\Delta M)_s^{\text{exp}} > 14.3 \text{ ps}^{-1}$ 95% C.L.)



 Excluded by $B_d^0 - \bar{B}_d^0$

$$66^\circ \leq \alpha \leq 113$$

$$18^\circ \leq \beta \leq 29^\circ$$

$$44^\circ \leq \gamma \leq 97^\circ$$

Using

$$\hat{B}_K = 0.80 \pm 0.15$$

Output

$$|V_{td}| = (8.4 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{Im} (V_{td} V_{ts}^*) = (1.33 \pm 0.30) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\sin 2\beta = 0.71 \pm 0.13$$

$$\sin \gamma = 0.85 \pm 0.15$$

=====
CDF : February 5, 1999

$A_{CP}(J/\psi K_{s,t})$



$$\sin 2\beta = 0.79^{+0.41}_{-0.44}$$

$A_{CP}(J/\psi K_s)$



$$\sin 2\beta = 0.71 \pm 0.63$$

CP-Violation in
B-Decays

at 93% C.L.

Targets in the Standard Analysis of

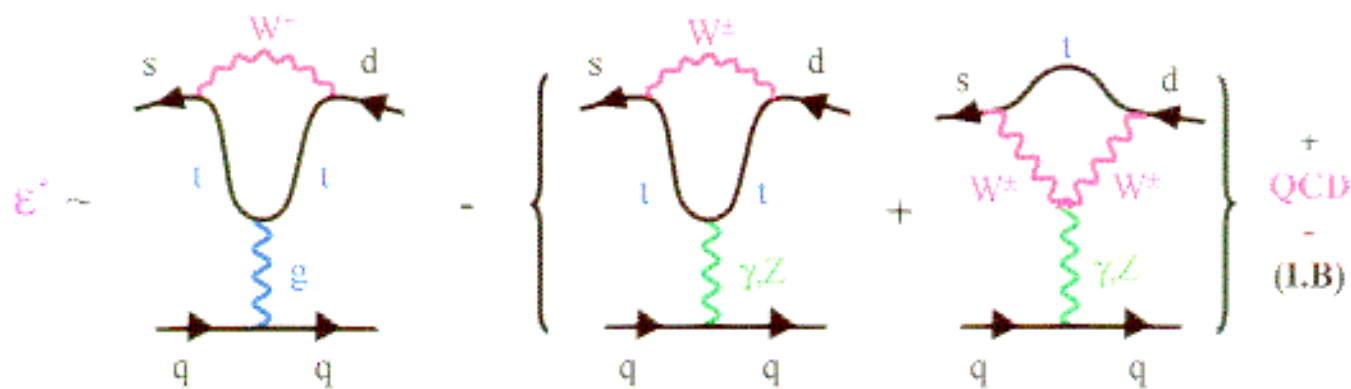
1. $\Delta M_s, \zeta = \frac{F_{B_s} \sqrt{B_s}}{F_{B_d} \sqrt{B_d}} \Rightarrow \{R_t, |V_{td}|\}$

2. $V_{cb}, V_{ub}, \hat{B}_K \Rightarrow \{\text{Im}(V_{ts}^* V_{td})\}$

3. $F_{B_s} \sqrt{B_s}, F_{B_d} \sqrt{B_d} \Rightarrow \{|V_{ts}|, |V_{td}|\}$

Present Status
of
 ϵ'/ϵ

ε'/ε in the Standard Model



QCD - Penguins

Ellis, Gaillard, Nanopoulos (76)
 Gilman, Wise; Guberina
 Peccei; Ajb, Gérard

Electroweak - Penguins

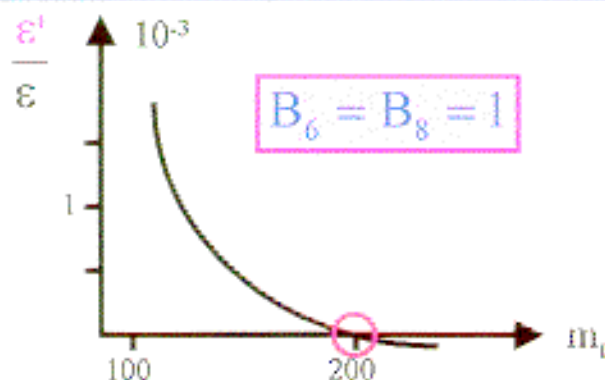
Flynn, Randall (89)
 Buchalla, Ajb, Harlander (89)

NLO: { Ajb, Jamin, Lautenbacher, Weisz
 Ciuchini, Franco, Martinelli, Reina } (92, 93) $\delta = \gamma$

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = 10^{-4} \left[\frac{|V_{ub}| |V_{cb}| \sin \delta}{1.34 \cdot 10^{-4}} \right] F(m_t, \Lambda_{\overline{MS}}^{(4)}, m_s, B_6, B_8, \Omega_{\eta+\eta'})$$

$$F \approx 18 \cdot \left[\frac{110 \text{ MeV}}{m_s (2 \text{ GeV})} \right]^2 \left[B_6 (1 - \Omega_{\eta+\eta'}) - \tilde{Z}(m_t) B_8 \right] \left(\frac{\Lambda_{\overline{MS}}^{(4)}}{340 \text{ MeV}} \right)$$

$$\tilde{Z}(m_t) \cong 0.4 \left[\frac{m_t}{165 \text{ GeV}} \right]^{2.5} ; \quad \Omega_{\eta+\eta'} \cong 0.25$$



$$\text{Im} \lambda_t \equiv |V_{ub}| |V_{cb}| \sin \delta$$

Until February 24th 1999

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \begin{cases} (23 \pm 6.5) \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(NA31)} \\ (7.4 \pm 5.9) \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(E731)} \end{cases}$$

After February 24th 1999

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \begin{cases} (28.0 \pm 4.1) \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(KTeV)} \\ (18.5 \pm 7.3) \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(NA48)} \\ (\quad) \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(KLOE)} \end{cases}$$

Grand
Average:

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = (21.2 \pm 4.6) \cdot 10^{-4}$$
$$(21.2 \pm 2.8) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\varepsilon = (2.280 \pm 0.013) \cdot 10^{-3} e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

Christenson, Cronin, Fitch,
Turlay (1964)

Munich 1999 Analysis

(hep-ph / 9904408)

Stefan	Bosch
Andrzej	Buras
Martin	Gorbahn
Sebastian	Jäger
Matthias	Jamin
Markus	Lautenbacher
Luca	Silvestrini

$$m_s(2 \text{ GeV}) = (110 \pm 20) \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Lambda_{\overline{\text{MS}}}^{(4)} = (340 \pm 50) \text{ MeV}$$

$$B_6 = 1.0 \pm 0.3$$

$$B_8 = 0.8 \pm 0.2$$

(with $B_6 \geq B_8$)

$$\Omega_{\text{IB}} = \Omega_{\eta+\eta'} = 0.25 \pm 0.08$$

$B_6^{(1/2)}$	$B_8^{(3/2)}$	$m_s(2 \text{ GeV})$	Central	$\Lambda \frac{(4)}{MS} = 390 \text{ MeV}$	Maximal
1.3	0.6	90	20.2	23.3	28.8
		110	12.8	14.8	18.3
		130	8.5	9.9	12.3
1.3	0.8	90	18.1	20.8	26.0
		110	11.3	13.1	16.4
		130	7.5	8.7	10.9
1.3	1.0	90	15.9	18.3	23.2
		110	9.9	11.5	14.5
		130	6.5	7.6	9.6
1.0	0.6	90	13.7	15.8	19.7
		110	8.4	9.8	12.2
		130	5.4	6.4	7.9
1.0	0.8	90	11.5	13.3	16.9
		110	7.0	8.1	10.4
		130	4.4	5.2	6.6
1.0	1.0	90	9.4	10.9	14.1
		110	5.5	6.5	8.5
		130	3.3	4.0	5.2

Status of B_6, B_8

(Before
Summer 99)

Method	B_6	B_8
Lattice	-	0.69 - 1.06
Large-N	0.72 - 1.10 *)	0.42 - 0.64
Chiral Quark Model	1.07 - 1.58	0.75 - 0.79

*) A higher order term $O(p^2/N)$ $B_6 \rightarrow 1.5 - 1.6$ (??)

Lattice: Sharpe, Kilcup, Pekurovsky, Gupta
Bhattacharaya, Martinelli & APE

Large-N: Bardeen, AJB, Gérard (87)
Hambye, Köhler, Paschos, Soldan, Bardeen (98)
(Dortmund)

Chiral: *Bertolini, Eeg, Fabbrichesi*, Lashin (98)
Quark
Model (Trieste)

Final Results (Munich)

Monte Carlo

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \left(7.7^{+6.0}_{-3.5} \right) \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{NDR})$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \left(5.2^{+4.4}_{-2.6} \right) \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{HV})$$

Scanning

$$1.1 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 28.8 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{NDR})$$

$$0.3 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 22.0 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{HV})$$

$$0.6 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \varepsilon'/\varepsilon \leq 26.9 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{HV})^*$$

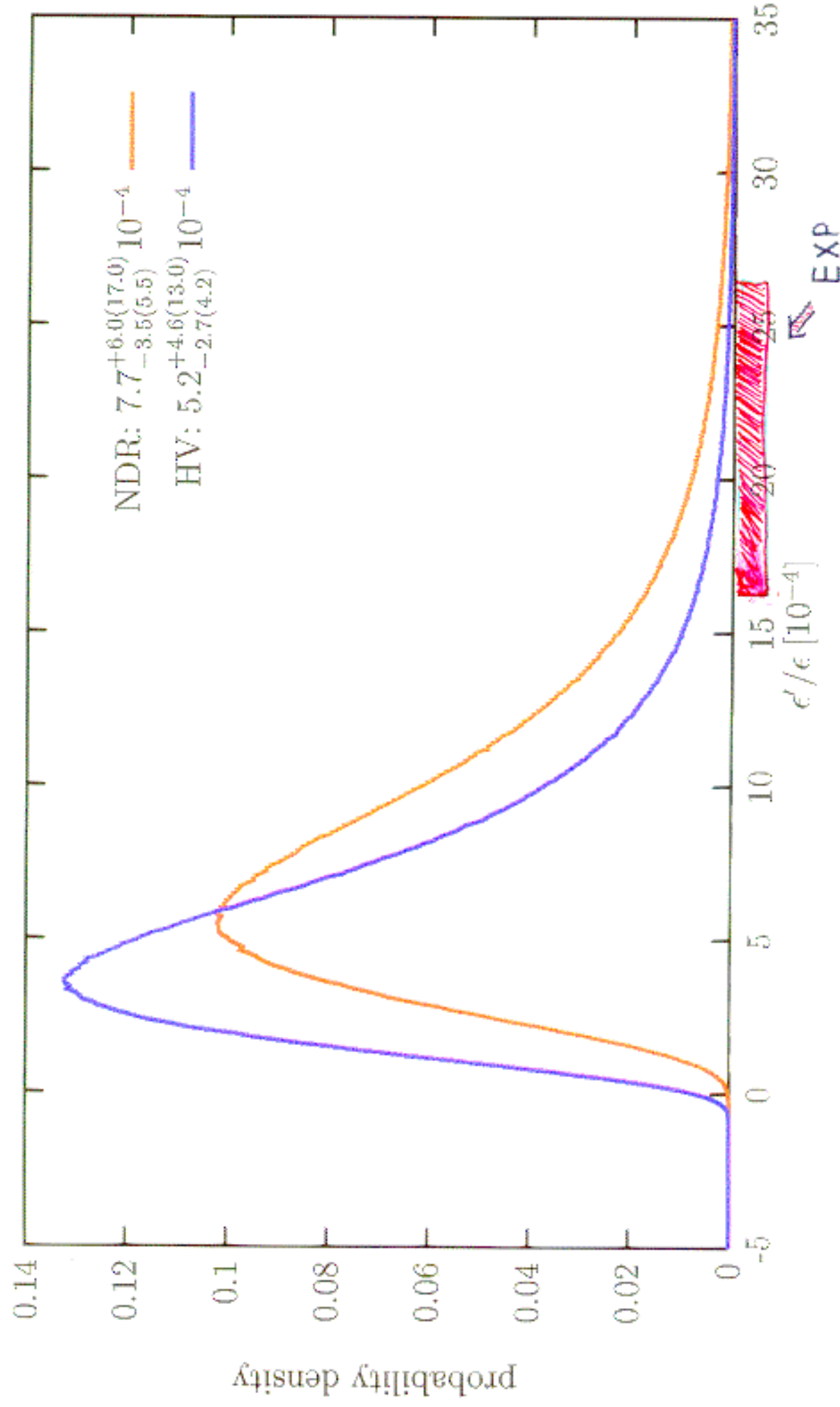
Exp: $\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = (21.2 \pm 4.6) \cdot 10^{-4}$

* $B_6^{\text{HV}} \cong 1.2 B_6^{\text{NDR}}$ $B_8^{\text{HV}} \cong 1.2 B_8^{\text{NDR}}$

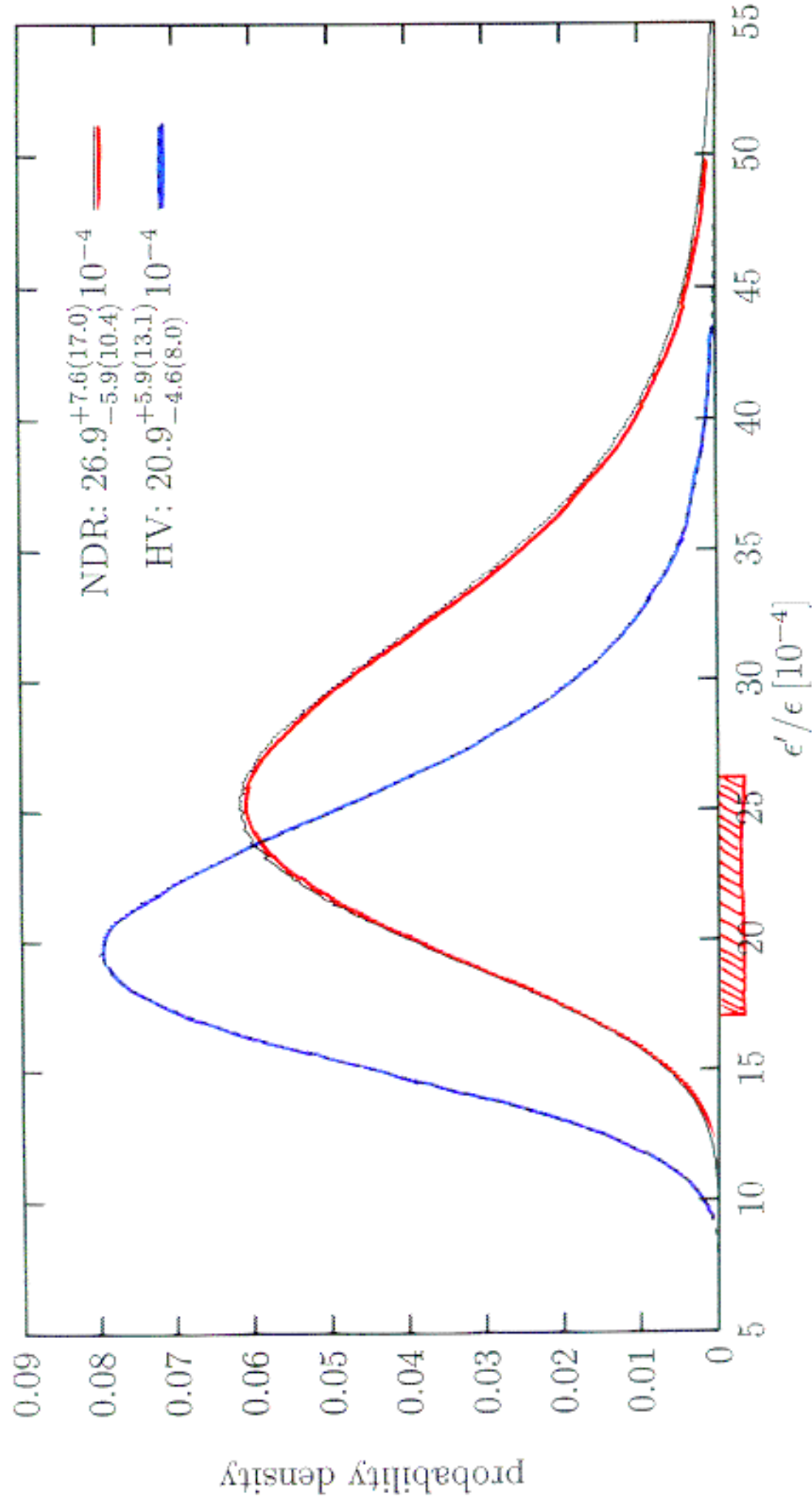
$$m_s(2\text{ GeV}) = 110 \pm 20 \text{ MeV}$$

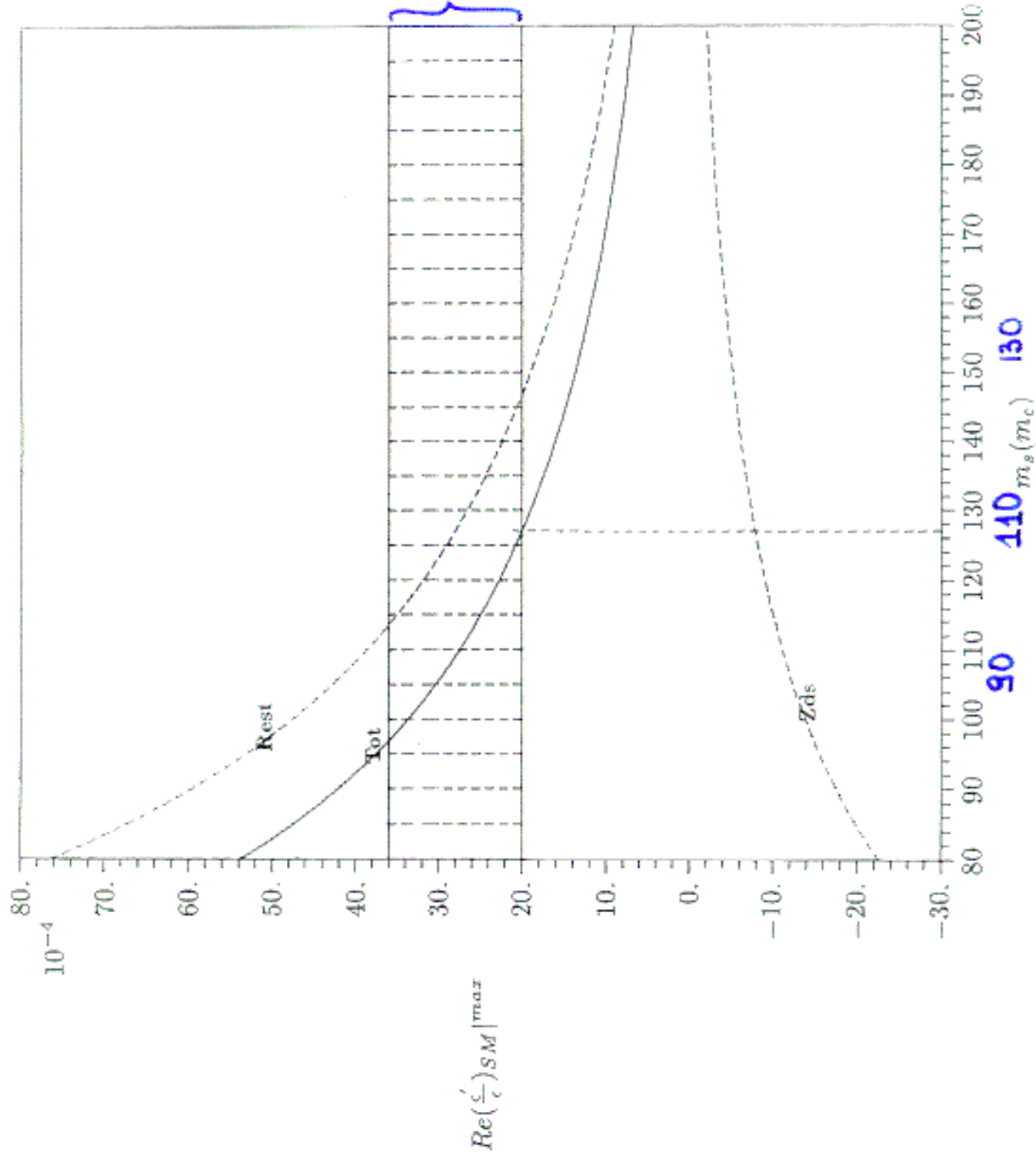
$$B_6 = 1.0 \pm 0.3$$

Murich (99)



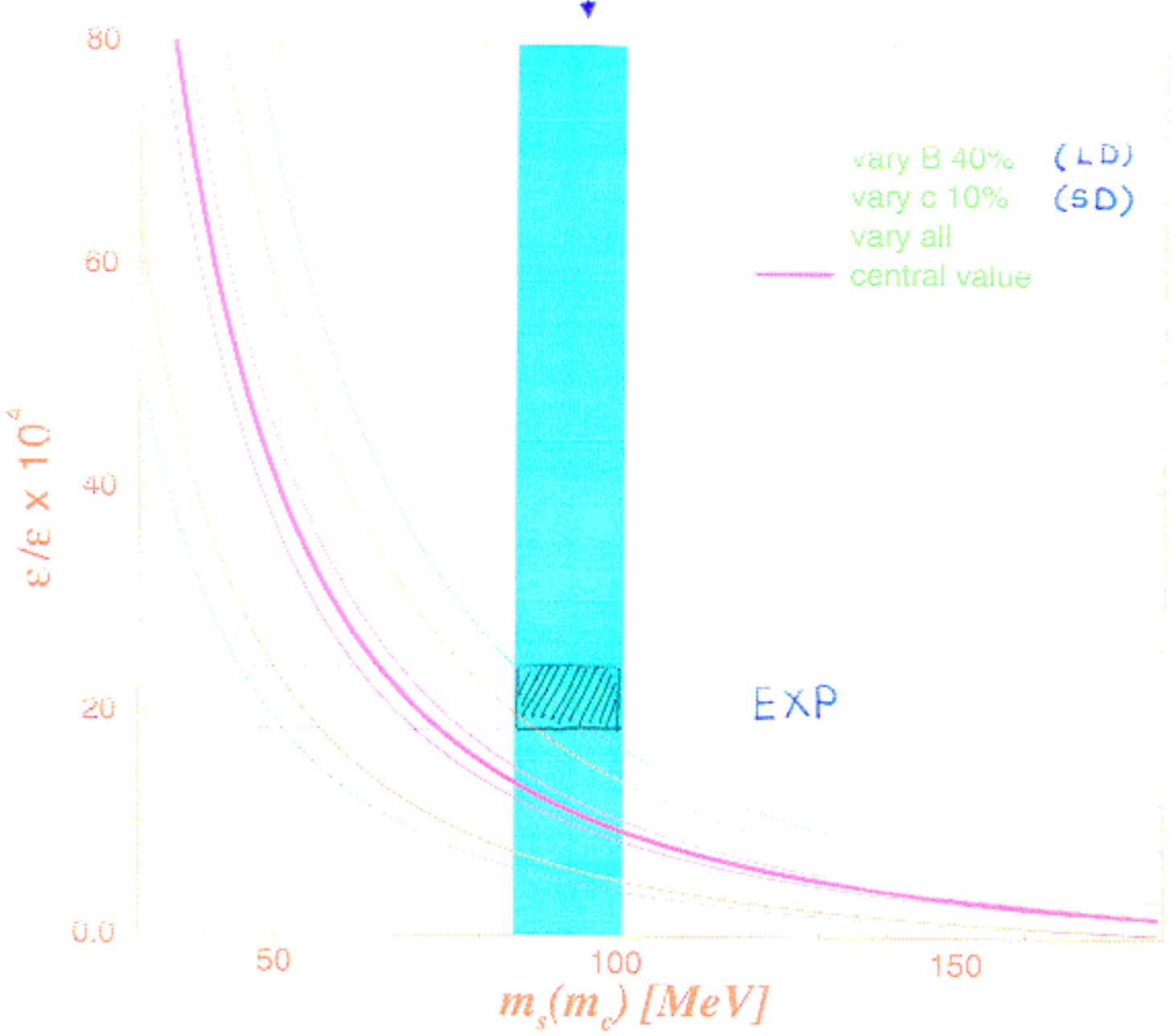
ϵ'/ϵ with $m_s(2\text{GeV}) = (87 \pm 7)\text{MeV}$ and $B_6^{(1/2)} = 1.55 \pm 0.05$





S. Ryan

CP-PACS



1999 Results from various Groups

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \left(7.7^{+6.0}_{-3.5} \right) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

(Munich) (NDR)

$$1.1 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 28.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \left(4.7^{+6.7}_{-5.9} \right) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

(Rome) (NDR)

$$2.1 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 26.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

(Dortmund) (NDR)

$(5.2 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \varepsilon'/\varepsilon \leq 49.8 \cdot 10^{-4})$ ($B_6 \cong 1.5-1.7$)

$$\frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} = \left(17^{+9}_{-7} \right) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

(Trieste) (1998)

$$7 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 31 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

New: Fall 1999

$$-3.2 \cdot 10^{-4} \leq \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \leq 3.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$(B_6 = B_8 = 1)$

(Dubna
DESY-Zeuthen)
Eff. Chiral Lagr.
Approach
(Belkov et al)

$\epsilon'/\epsilon \times 10^3$

M. Fabbriches
hep-ph/9909224



-2

Experiment vs. Theory

Present Status

$$B_6 = ?$$

$$B_8 = 0.7 \pm 0.3$$

$$m_s(2 \text{ GeV}) = 110 \pm 20 \text{ MeV} \quad *)$$

$$\Omega_{\text{IB}} = ?$$

$$\Lambda_{\overline{\text{MS}}}^{(4)} = (340 \pm 50) \text{ MeV}$$

*) New Results:

{	106±7	JLQCD	}	Quenched
	97±4	ALPHA/UKQCD		
	105±4	QCDSF	}	Unquenched
	84±7	CP-PACS		

New Developments

(After Summer 99)

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ENJL model} \\ \text{combined with} \\ \text{Large-N} \\ \text{techniques} \end{array} \right\}$:	$B_6 \cong 2.2 \pm 0.5$ (Enhancement from Higher order CHPT)	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Bijnens} \\ \text{Prades} \end{array} \right\}$
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Lattice with} \\ \text{domain wall} \\ \text{fermions} \end{array} \right\}$:	$B_6 \cong -6.5 \pm 0.6$ $B_8 \cong 0.42 \pm 0.02$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{RIKEN-BNL} \\ \text{-Columbia} \\ \text{Collaboration} \end{array} \right\}$

Higher order $O(p^4)$ Isospin breaking corrections

(Gardner, Valencia): $\Omega_{\eta+\eta'} \rightarrow \Omega_{\text{IB}}$

$\{\Omega_{\eta+\eta'} \cong 0.25 \pm 0.08\} \rightarrow \{-0.6 \leq \Omega_{\text{IB}} \leq 0.2\}$

Donoghue, Golowich, Holstein
A.J.B. + Gérard
Cheng; Lusignoli

\uparrow
Very uncertain
(Model dependence)

$\{ \text{Enhancement of } \epsilon'/\epsilon \text{ possible} \}$

Status of ϵ'/ϵ

1. If $B_6 \approx 1.0 \pm 0.3$ $B_8 \approx 0.8 \pm 0.2$
 $m_s(2\text{GeV}) \approx 110\text{MeV} \pm 20\text{MeV}$

$$\left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right)_{\text{SM}} \approx \frac{1}{(1-3)} \left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right)_{\text{exp}}$$

$$\Omega_{\text{IB}} \approx \Omega_{\eta+\eta'} \approx 0.25$$

2. If $B_6 \approx 1.5-2.5$ $\Omega_{\text{IB}} < 0.2$

$$\left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right)_{\text{SM}} \approx (3 \pm 2) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Consistent with
Experiment

3. If $B_6 \approx -6.5 \pm 0.6$ (RIKEN-BNL-Columbia)

$$\left(\frac{\epsilon'}{\epsilon}\right)_{\text{SM}} \approx -(12 \pm 7) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

??

Spectacular Signal of New Physics
in NA31, KTeV, NA48 data

A Lot of Room for New Physics

1.

Models with new CP-violating phases can give large contributions to ε'/ε

- General supersymmetric models
(Gabbiani, Gabrielli, Masiero, Silvestrini; Masiero, Murayama; Babu, Dutta, Mohapatra) BCIRS; Neubert, Kagan; Barbieri, Contino, Strumia; Eyal, Masiero, Nir, Silvestrini; Beak, Jang, Ko, Park
- Models with new fermions and gauge bosons (Agrawal, Frampton)
- Models with anomalous gauge couplings (He)
- Models with modified sdZ vertex (AJB, Silvestrini, Colangelo, Isidori, Romanino)
- Models with enhanced chromomagnetic Penguins (Keum, Nierste, Sanda; BCIRS, Martinelli et al)

Unfortunately : {Many Parameters}

{Not predictive}

2.

These Models can be constrained through interplay of ε'/ε with rare K-decays (AJB, Colangelo, Isidori, Romanino, Silvestrini)

Targets for ε'/ε

1. $\Delta(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{exp}} = (1.-2.) \cdot 10^{-4}$
(KTeV, NA48, KLOE)

2. $B_6, B_8, m_s, \text{Im}\lambda_t$

3. $\Omega_{\eta+\eta'}, \Lambda_{\overline{\text{MS}}}^{(4)}$

Rare B-Decays

$$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$$

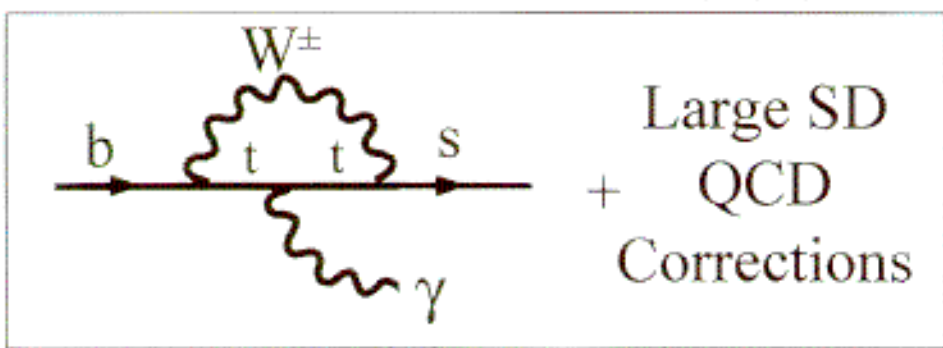
$$B \rightarrow X_s \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$B \rightarrow X_s \mu \bar{\mu}$$

$$B \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}$$

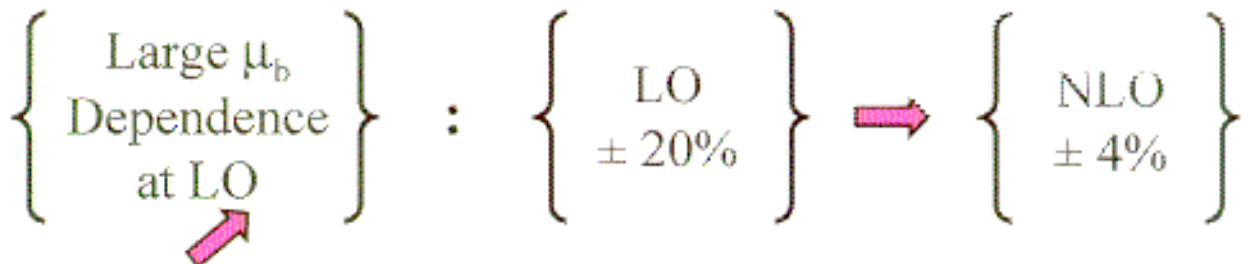
$$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$$

(Magnetic Penguins)



Bertolini et al. (87)
Deshpande et al (87)

Long Distance Effects: few %
Short Distance Enhancement: ~ factor 3



(Ali, Greub; AJB, Misiak, Münz, Pokorski)

	Standard Model (93)	Experiment (CLEO, 94)
LO:	$(2.8 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-4}$ (scale) (par)	$(2.32 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.35) \cdot 10^{-4}$
NLO:	Standard Model (98) $(3.30 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.26) \cdot 10^{-4}$ (scale) (par)	Experiment (CLEO, ALEPH 98) $(3.15 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.41) \cdot 10^{-4}$ $(3.11 \pm 0.80 \pm 0.72) \cdot 10^{-4}$
	$(3.30 \pm 0.30) \cdot 10^{-4}$	$(3.14 \pm 0.48) \cdot 10^{-4}$

$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ at Leading Order

★ Grinstein, Springer, Wise (87-89)

Ciuchini, Franco, Martinelli, Reina, Silvestrini (93)

Cella, Curci, Ricciardi, Viceré (94); Misiak (93-94)

$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ at NLO

Initial Conditions

Adel, Yao (93); Greub, Hurth (97);

AJB, Kwiatkowski, Pott (97)

Ciuchini, Degrossi, Gambino, Giudice (97)

Renormalization Group Evolution

Misiak, Münz (94) (Two Loop)

Chetyrkin, Misiak, Münz (96) (Three Loop) ★

Matrix Elements

Ali, Greub (93); Pott (95) (One-Loop)

Greub, Hurth, Wyler (96) (Two-Loop) ★

Two-Loop Electroweak Corrections

Czarnecki, Marciano (98); Strumia (98)

Kagan, Neubert (98)

$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ in 2 Higgs Doublet Models

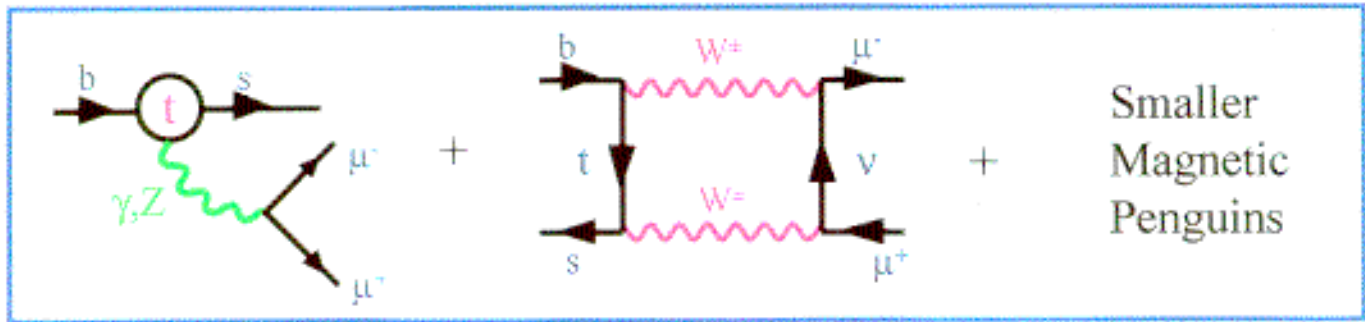
NLO: {
Ciuchini, Degrassi, Gambino, Giudice (98)
Ciafaloni, Romanino, Strumia (98)
Borzumati, Greub (98)

$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ in SUSY

NLO: Ciuchini, Degrassi, Gambino, Giudice (98)

$$B \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$$

Hou, Willey, Soni (87)



LO: Grinstein et al.; Deshpande et al.; Lim et al.
 Ali et al.; Greub et al.; Burdman; Hewett;
 Krüger, Sehgal; Falk et al.;

NLO: Misiak (94); AJB + Münz (94);

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-)_{\text{NR}} \cong 6.2 \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{|V_{ts}|^2}{|V_{cb}|^2} \left[\frac{\bar{m}_t(m_t)}{170 \text{ GeV}} \right]^2$$

(for $\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_c e \nu) = 10.4\%$)



SM Expectation

$$(5.7 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

Experiment

$$< 5.8 \cdot 10^{-5} \quad \text{CLEO}$$

Intensive Studies:

Should be measured at Run II

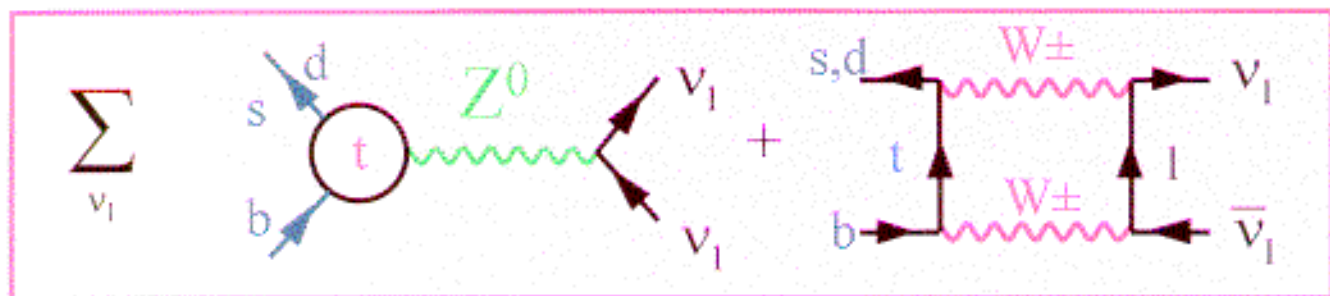
LD: Buchalla, Isidori, Rey
 Kim, Morozumi, Sanda
 Ali, Hiller

New Physics: Hewett
 Ali, Mannel, Morozumi

Useful for $\left| \frac{V_{td}}{V_{ts}} \right|$
 in combination with
 $B \rightarrow X_d \mu^+ \mu^-$

$$\boxed{B \rightarrow X_{d,s} \nu \bar{\nu}}$$

$|V_{ts}| \quad |V_{td}|$ (very clean)



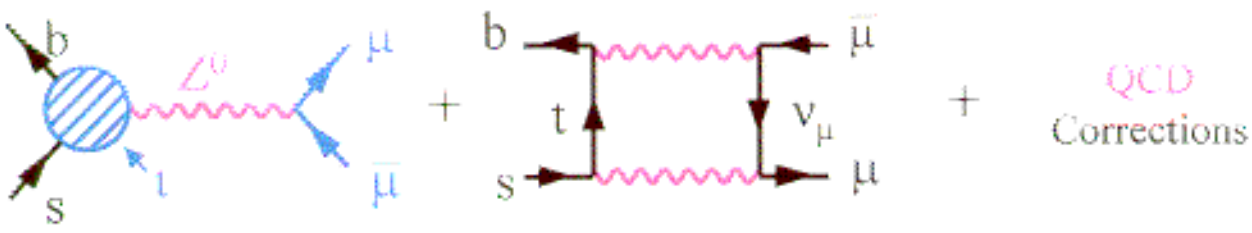
$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \nu \bar{\nu}) = \begin{cases} (3.5 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-5} & \text{(SM)} \\ < 7.7 \cdot 10^{-4} & \text{(ALEPH)} \\ & \text{(90\% C.L.)} \end{cases}$$



$$\frac{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_d \nu \bar{\nu})}{\text{Br}(B \rightarrow X_s \nu \bar{\nu})} = \frac{|V_{td}|^2}{|V_{ts}|^2}$$

Cleanest Measurement of this Ratio

$$\boxed{B_s \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}}$$



$$\frac{\text{Br}(B_d \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu})}{\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu})} = 0.98 \frac{\tau(B_d) F_{Bd}^2 |V_{td}|^2}{\tau(B_s) F_{Bs}^2 |V_{ts}|^2}$$

SM Expectation

$$(3.2 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-9}$$

Experiment (CDF)

$$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}) < 2.6 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

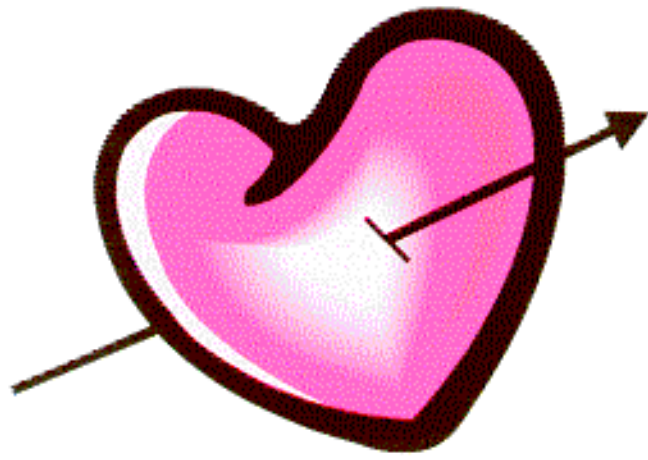
$$\text{Br}(B_d \rightarrow \mu \bar{\mu}) < 8.6 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

Run II : $\sim 0 (10^{-8})$; LHC-B

Rare K-Decays

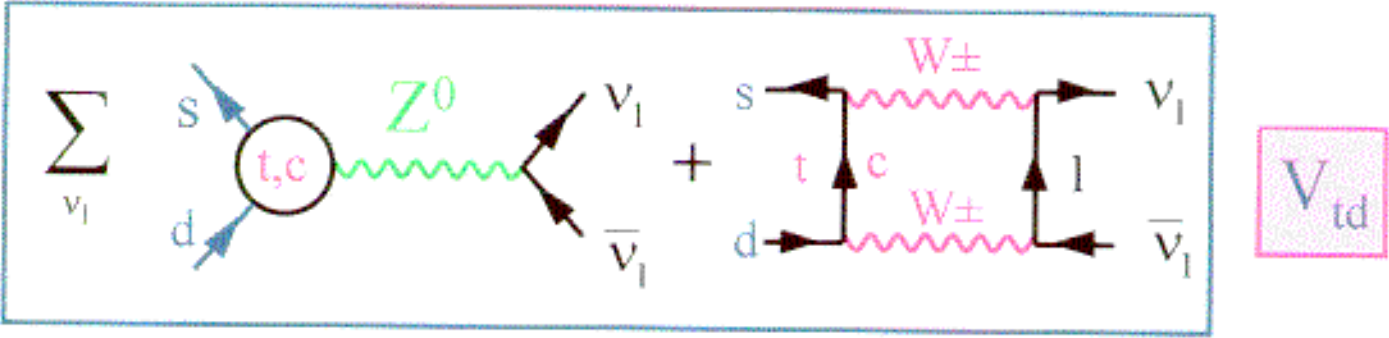
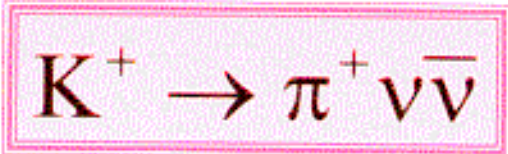
$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu} \quad , \quad K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$$



$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$



QCD Corrections: Dib, Dunietz, Gilman **LO** (91)
 Buchalla + AJB **NLO** (94)
 "Isospin Breaking": Marciano + Parsa (-10%) (95)
 (relation to $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ \nu$)

$$Br(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = 0.7 \cdot 10^{-10} \left\{ \left[\frac{|V_{td}|}{0.01} \right]^2 \left[\frac{|V_{cb}|}{0.04} \right]^2 \left[\frac{\bar{m}_t(\mu_t)}{170\text{GeV}} \right]^{2.3} + \frac{cc}{tc} \right\}$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mu \\ \text{Uncertainty} \\ \text{in } Br, |V_{td}| \end{array} \right\}$:
 Br
 $|V_{td}|$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \pm 23\% \\ \pm 14\% \end{array} \right\}$
 \rightarrow
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \pm 7\% \\ \pm 4\% \end{array} \right\}$

$\{\bar{m}_t(\mu_t), \bar{m}_c(\mu_c): 100\text{Gev} \leq \mu_t \leq 300\text{Gev}; 1\text{Gev} \leq \mu_c \leq 3\text{Gev}\}$

SM Expectation

$$(7.9 \pm 3.1) \cdot 10^{-11}$$

LD Effects < 1%
 Rein, Sehgal
 Hagelin, Littenberg
 Lu, Wise; Fajfer

Experiment

$$\left(4.2^{+9.7}_{-3.5} \right) \cdot 10^{-10} \quad (1997)$$

E787 (Brookhaven)
 (No new events) \downarrow (1999)

$$\left(1.7^{+3.9}_{-1.4} \right) \cdot 10^{-10} \quad (\text{my estimate})$$

Upper Bound on $\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$ from $(\Delta M)_s$

Buchalla + AJB (99)

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\max} = 3.9 \cdot 10^{-11} \left[P_c + \frac{A^2}{\lambda} X(m_t) \xi \sqrt{\frac{\Delta M_d}{\Delta M_s}} \right]^2$$

$$\xi = \frac{F_{B_s} \sqrt{B_{B_s}}}{F_{B_d} \sqrt{B_{B_d}}} \quad |V_{cb}| = A \lambda^2 \quad \lambda = 0.22$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A < 0.89 \\ P_c < 0.48 \end{array} \quad X(m_t) < 1.57 \quad \sqrt{\frac{\Delta M_d}{\Delta M_s}} < 0.2 \right\}$$



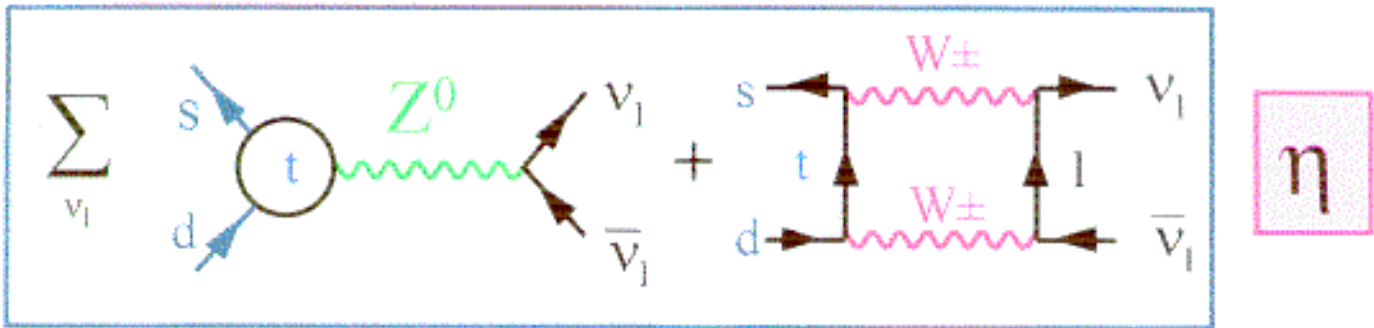
$$(\Delta M_s > 14.3 \text{ ps}^{-1})$$

ξ	$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\max} [10^{-10}]$
1.4	1.67 (1.47)
1.3	1.49 (1.32)
1.25	1.40 (1.24)
1.20	1.32 (1.17)

$$\xi_{\text{Lattice}} = 1.14 \pm 0.08 \quad \text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{exp}} = \left(4.2 \pm \frac{9.7}{3.5} \right) \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

Direct \cancel{CP} (Littenberg)



NLO-QCD (Buchalla+AJB) \Rightarrow $\pm 1\%$ Scale
(Misiak+Urban) Uncertainties

Isospin Breaking: Marciano, Parsa (-5.6% reduction)

Long distance: Negligible (Buchalla, Isidori)

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = 3.0 \cdot 10^{-11} \left[\frac{\eta}{0.39} \right]^2 \left[\frac{|V_{cb}|}{0.040} \right]^4 \left[\frac{\bar{m}_t(m_t)}{170\text{GeV}} \right]^{2.3}$$

Standard
Model:

$$(2.8 \pm 1.1) * 10^{-11}$$

Exp:

$$< 5.9 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

KTeV (99)



$$\sim 10^{-8}$$

KTeV



$2 \cdot 10^{-12}$
single event
sensitivity

BNL E926
(KAMI, KEK)

Model Independent Bound:

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) < 4.4 \text{ Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$$

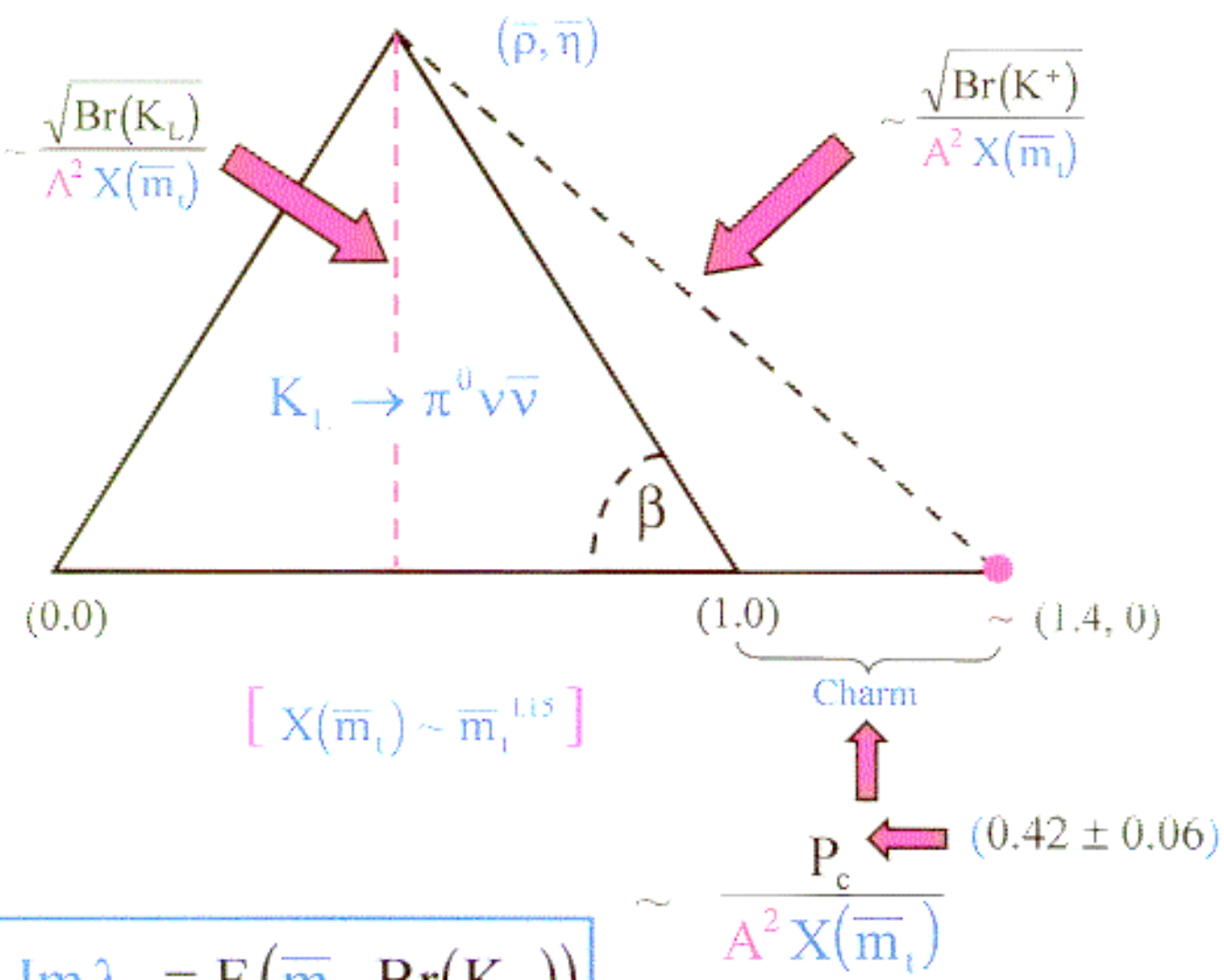
<

$$1 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

Grossman, Nir

UT from $K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$

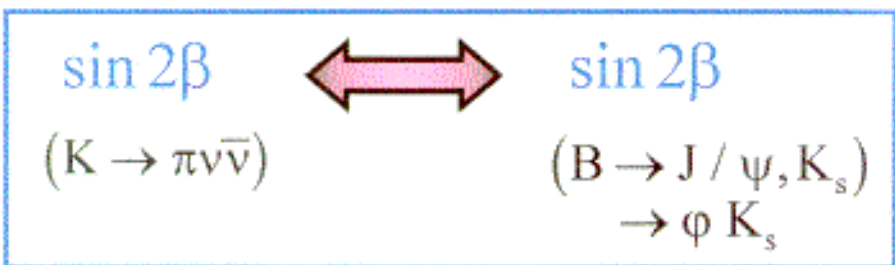
Buchalla
AJB



$\text{Im } \lambda_t = F_1(\bar{m}_t, \text{Br}(K_L))$

$\sin 2\beta = F_2(P_c, \text{Br}(K_L), \text{Br}(K^+))$

$\lambda_t = V_{ts}^* V_{td}$



K - Physics ↔ B - Physics

Test of SM

and

Beyond

Master Formulae

$$\underline{\text{Im } \lambda_t} = 1.36 \cdot 10^{-4} \sqrt{\frac{\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{3 \cdot 10^{-11}}} \left[\frac{170 \text{ GeV}}{\bar{m}_t(m_t)} \right]^{1.15}$$

$$\underline{\sin 2\beta} = \frac{2r_s}{1+r_s^2} \quad r_s = \frac{\sqrt{B_1 - B_2} - P_c}{\sqrt{B_2}}$$

$$B_1 \equiv \frac{\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})}{4.11 \cdot 10^{-11}} \quad B_2 \equiv \frac{\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{1.80 \cdot 10^{-10}}$$

$$P_c = 0.42 \pm 0.06 \leftarrow (m_c, \Lambda_{\overline{\text{MS}}}, \mu_c)$$

$$|V_{cb}| = 40 \cdot 10^{-3} \sqrt{\frac{0.39}{\eta}} \left[\frac{170 \text{ GeV}}{\bar{m}_t(m_t)} \right]^{0.575} \left[\frac{\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})}{3 \cdot 10^{-11}} \right]^{\frac{1}{4}}$$



Cleanest
Determination
of $|V_{cb}|$



{From CP-B Asymmetries}

(AJB)

UT from $K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$

$$\Delta \text{Br}(K^+) = \Delta \text{Br}(K_L) = \pm 10\%$$

$$\Delta m_t = \pm 3 \text{ GeV} \quad \Delta m_c = \pm 50 \text{ (100) MeV}$$

	$\Delta V_{cb} = \pm 0.002$	$\Delta V_{cb} = \pm 0.001$	Present	Future
$\Delta V_{td} $	$\pm 10\%$ ($\pm 12\%$)	$\pm 9\%$ ($\pm 11\%$)	$\pm 17\%$	$\pm 7\%$
$\Delta \bar{\rho}$	± 0.16 (± 0.18)	± 0.11 (± 0.13)	± 0.20	± 0.08
$\Delta \bar{\eta}$	± 0.04	± 0.03	± 0.12	± 0.03
$\Delta \sin 2\beta$	± 0.05 (± 0.06)	± 0.05 (± 0.06)	± 0.13	± 0.05
$\text{Im } \lambda_t$	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 23\%$	$\pm 8\%$

$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$

Standard
Analysis

$$(\Delta \sin 2\beta)_{\text{Scale Uncertainty}} = \begin{cases} \pm 0.02 & \text{NLO} \\ \pm 0.05 & \text{LO} \end{cases}$$

$\lambda_t = V_{td} V_{ts}^*$

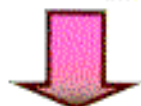
Rare K Decays in General SUSY Models

AJB, Colangelo, Isidori, Romanino, Silvestrini
hep 9908371

Main new effects:

γ -magnetic Penguins
Enhanced Z^0 -Penguins

Constraints from ΔM_K , ϵ_K
 ϵ'/ϵ , $K_L \rightarrow \mu\bar{\mu}$ and Renormalization
Group



Most probable bounds:

(SM)_{max}

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}) \lesssim 1.2 \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$$0.4 \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}) \lesssim 1.7 \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$$1.1 \cdot 10^{-10}$$

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-) \leq 2.0 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$0.7 \cdot 10^{-11}$$

Larger values possible, but rather unlikely

Earlier Analyses: Nir, Worah; AJB, Romanino, Silvestrini

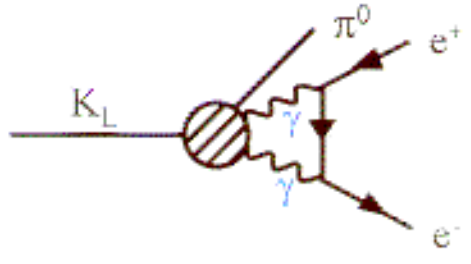
$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$$

Beautiful confirmation of the TH predictions
(Seghal, Wanninger, Heiliger)

	TH	KTeV
Br	$3.1 * 10^{-7}$	$(3.32 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.28) \cdot 10^{-7}$
$A_{\cancel{P}\cancel{X}}$	$\approx 14\%$	$(13.6 \pm 2.5 \pm 1.2) \%$

$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ (3 contributions)

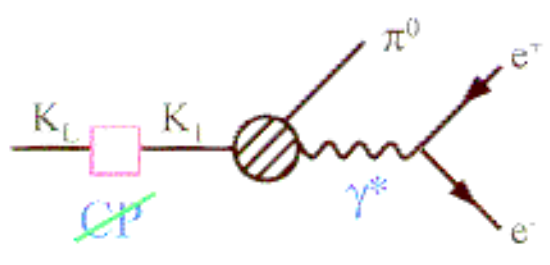
① $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ← CP conserving



$B_1^{\text{th}} = (1-4) \cdot 10^{-12}$ [Using KTeV (99) $K_L \rightarrow \pi \gamma \gamma$]

Donoghue, Holstein, Valencia, Ecker, Pich, de Rafael, Flynn, Randall, Seghal, Heiliger, Fajfer (95)
Cohen, Ecker, Pich (93)
Donoghue, Gabbiani (95)
Ambrosio, Portoles (97)

② $K_L \xrightarrow{K_1} \pi^0 \gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ← indirect CP

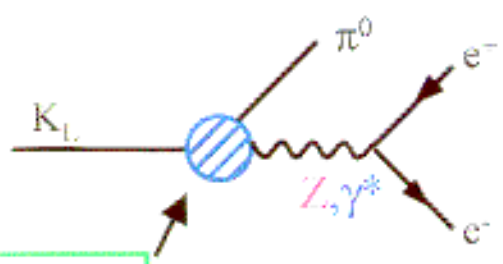


★ ($K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ will help!)

$B_2^{\text{th}} \approx (1-5) \cdot 10^{-12}$

Ecker, Pich, de Rafael (91)
Heiliger, Seghal (93)
Donoghue, Gabbiani (95)
Fajfer (95)

③ $K_L \xrightarrow{K_2} \pi^0 \gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ← direct CP



The action of Z⁰, γ Penguins

★ (TH very clean!)

$B_3^{\text{th}} = (4.7 \pm 1.9) \cdot 10^{-12}$

LO: { Dib, Dunietz, Gilman
Flynn, Randall
Buchalla, AJB, Harlander
NLO: AJB, Lautenbacher, Misiak, Münz (94)

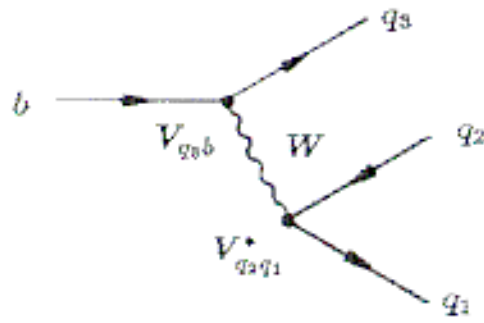
KTeV (99): $[\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-)]_{\text{Exp}} \leq 5.6 \cdot 10^{-10}$

Problematic background: $K_L \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma \gamma$

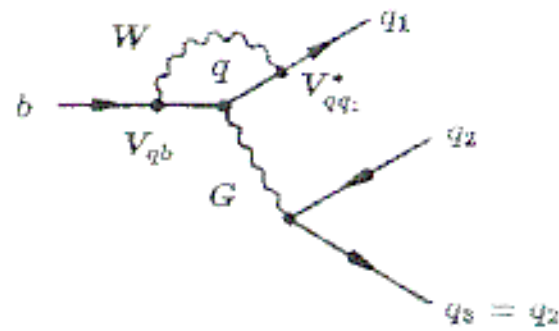
CP Violation in B-Decays

*(Asymmetries and Other
Strategies)*

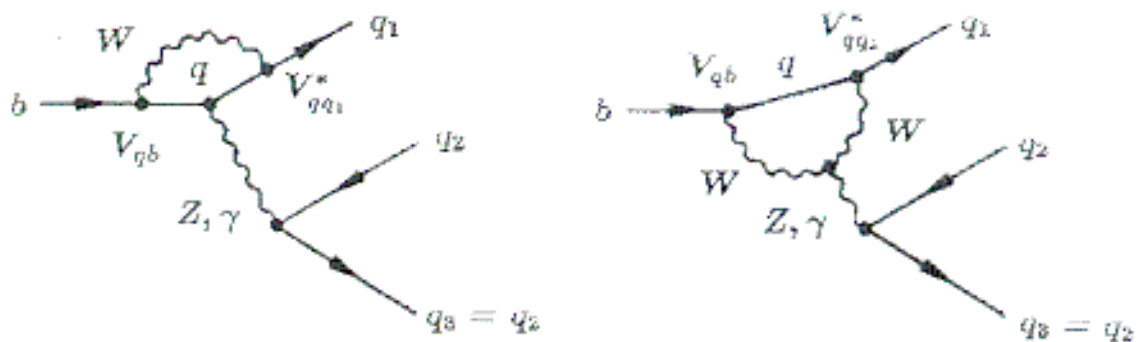
Tree Diagrams:



QCD Penguin Diagrams:



EW Penguin Diagrams:



Basic Diagrams in CP-B

CP Asymmetries in B-Decays

$$A_{\text{CP}}(f) = \frac{\Gamma(B \rightarrow f) - (\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f})}{\Gamma(B \rightarrow f) + (\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f})} \quad B = \{B^\pm, B_d^0, B_s^0\}$$

Most promising:

Free of
Hadronic Uncertainties

Mixing induced A_{CP}
in B^0 decays dominated
by a single CKM amplitude

Particularly simple:

$f = \text{CP eigenstate}$



Weak Phases can be measured directly!

Example:

$B_d \rightarrow \psi K_s$



$$A_{\text{CP}}(\psi K_s, t) = -\sin((\Delta M)_d t) \sin 2\beta$$

However:

$B_d \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

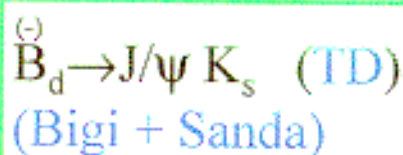
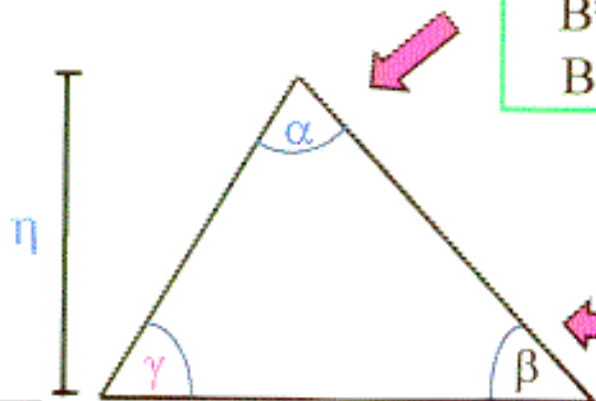
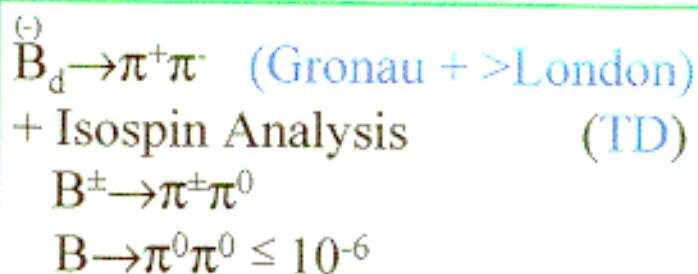
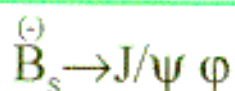
$$A_{\text{CP}}(\pi^+ \pi^-, t) = -\sin((\Delta M)_d t) \sin(2\alpha + \theta_P)$$

“Penguin pollution”

Theoretically Clean Determinations of (α, β, γ)

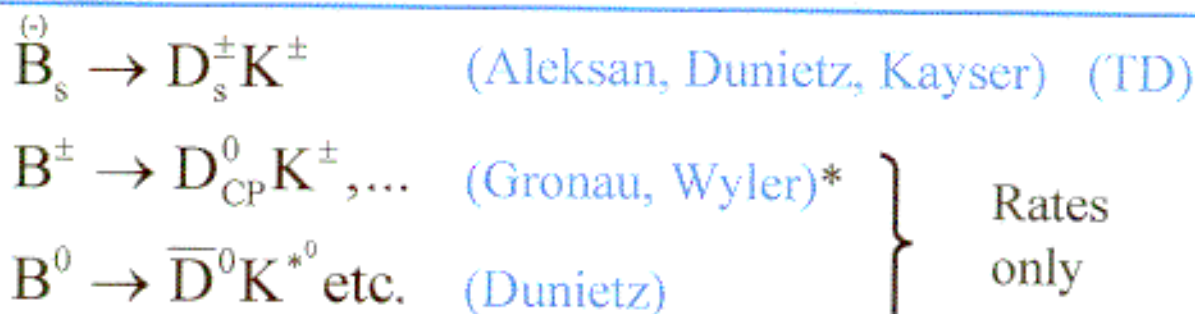
Very small Asymmetry

TD = Time dependent



$(B_d \rightarrow \phi K_s, D^+ D^-)$

Free of Penguins



* Atwood, Dunietz, Soni

Direct ~~CP~~

Rest: $B^0 - \bar{B}^0$ mixing induced ~~CP~~

Tagging required

: distinction between unmixed B^0 and \bar{B}^0 at $t=0$ (hard task)

Decays to CP Eigenstates

Single Tree Diagram:

$$A_{CP}(f) = \overbrace{\chi_{CP}(f)}^{\pm 1} \sin(2\varphi_D - 2\varphi_M) \frac{x_{d,s}}{1 + x_{d,s}^2}$$

$$\varphi_D = \begin{cases} \gamma & b \rightarrow u \\ 0 & b \rightarrow c \end{cases} \quad \varphi_M = \begin{cases} -\beta & B_d \\ 0 & B_s \end{cases}$$

(Decay) (Mixing)

$$x_{d,s} \equiv \frac{(\Delta M)_{d,s}}{\Gamma_{B_{c,s}}}$$



$$\sin(2\varphi_D - 2\varphi_M)$$

☺ B_d decays ($b \rightarrow c$): $\sin 2\beta$
 $B_d \rightarrow \psi K_s$ (very clean) (Br $\sim 10^{-4}$)

☺ B_s decays ($b \rightarrow c$): $2\lambda^2\eta$
 $B_s \rightarrow \psi\phi$ (clean but small) (Br $\sim 10^{-3}$)

☹ B_d decays ($b \rightarrow u$): $\sin 2\alpha$
 $B_d \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ (Need Isospin Analysis to remove P) (Gronau London)

$$\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) = (4.7 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0) < 12 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0) < 10^{-6}$$

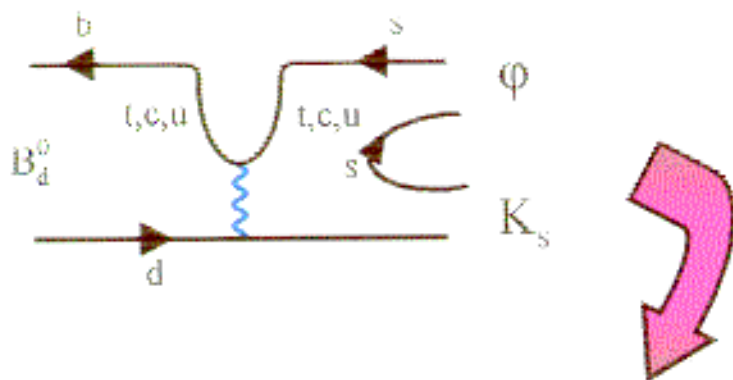
(CLEO)

α

- ❖ $\{A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-) + \text{Isospin}\}$ **Gronau + London**
(Difficult to realize : $\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0) < 10^{-6}$)
- ❖ $B \rightarrow \rho\pi$ etc. **Quinn, Snyder**
(Rather involved)
- ❖ $A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-), A_{CP}(K^0\bar{K}^0)$ **AJB + Fleischer**
(Limitations from SU(3) breaking)
- ❖ $A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-), B \rightarrow \pi^\pm K^\pm, B^\pm \rightarrow K_s \pi^\pm$ **Dighe, Gronau, Rosner**
(Limitations from u-, c-penguins)
- ❖ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A_{CP}^{\text{dir}}(B_d \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-), \text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+K^0) \\ A_{CP}^{\text{mix-ind}}(B_d \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-), \text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \{\Delta\alpha_{\text{th}} = \pm 3\%\}$

Fleischer, Mannel

$$\boxed{B_d^0 \rightarrow \phi K_s} \quad (\text{Pure Penguin Decay})$$



$$\underbrace{V_{ts} V_{tb}^* + V_{cs} V_{cb}^*}_{\text{}} \rightarrow \boxed{\phi_D \cong 0}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\sin[2\phi_D - 2\phi_M] = \sin 2\beta}$$

{ Pure Loop Decay } \rightarrow Sensitivity to
New Physics
(London, Peccei;
Fleischer;
Grossman, Isidori, Worah)

Comment: u-penguin at $O(\lambda^4)$ carries
 $\phi_D = \gamma$ (small correction)

γ from $B \rightarrow \pi K$

Penguin dominated decays:

CLEO

$$\text{Br}(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \pi^{\mp} K^{\pm}) = (1.9 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^{\pm} K^0) = (1.8 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow \pi^0 K^{\pm}) = (1.2 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K^0) = (1.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-5}$$



γ

Uncertainties from:

SU(3)_F breaking
Final State Interactions
Electroweak Penguins

Recent Studies:

Fleischer, Mannel
Fleischer; Gronau, Rosner
Neubert, Rosner;
(General Parametrization) → AJB, Fleischer; Neubert
Gronau, Pirjol

In particular:

Fleischer - Mannel Bound

Neubert-Rosner Bound

Recent work of Beneke, Buchalla, Neubert, Sachrajda
(Non-factorizable contributions) could be useful here.

Two new Strategies

($s \leftrightarrow d$)

Fleischer (99)

No FSI problems

Limited by U-spin breaking effects

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} B_s \rightarrow I/\psi K_s \\ B_d \rightarrow I/\psi K_s \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \{\gamma\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} B_s \rightarrow K^+ K^- \\ B_d \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \{\beta, \gamma\}$$

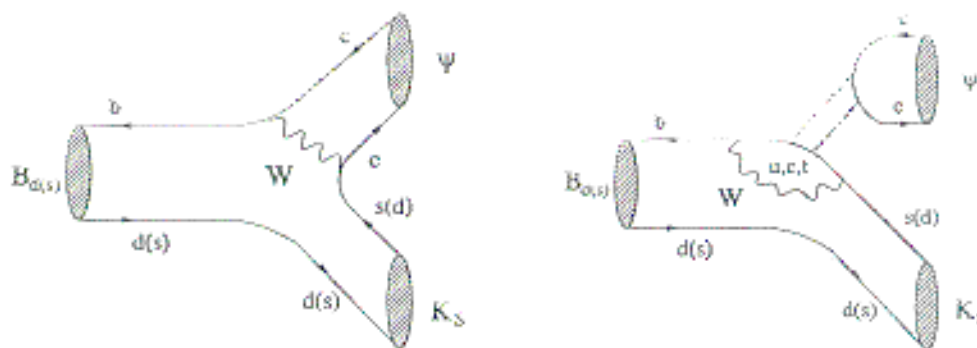


Figure 7: Feynman diagrams contributing to $B_{d(s)} \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$. The dashed lines in the penguin topology represent a colour-singlet exchange.

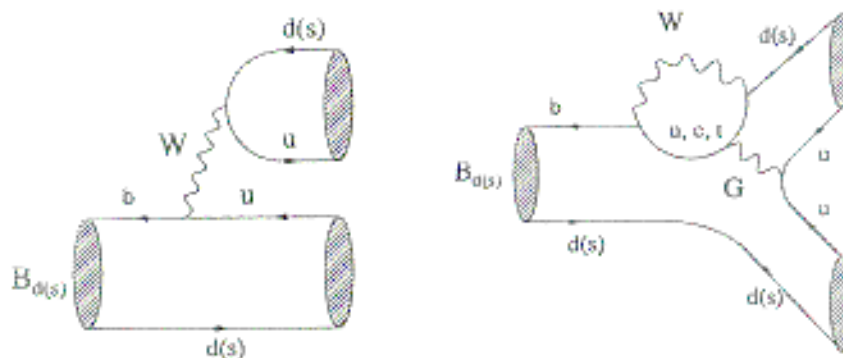
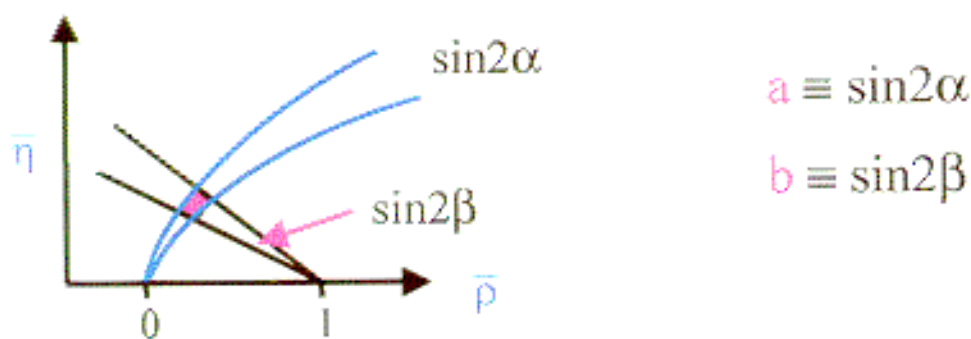


Figure 8: Feynman diagrams contributing to $B_d \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ and $B_s \rightarrow K^+ K^-$.

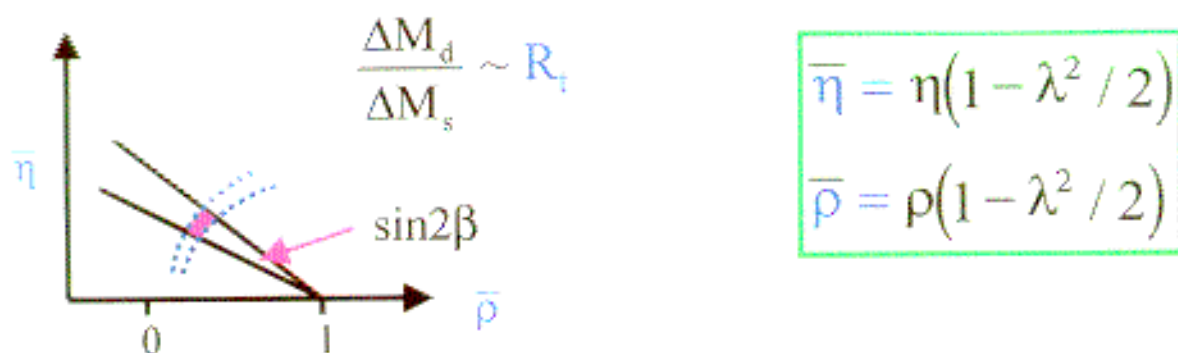
$(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta})$ from $(\sin 2\alpha, \sin 2\beta)$



$$\bar{\rho} = 1 - \bar{\eta} r_+(b) \quad \bar{\eta} = \frac{r_-(a) + r_+(b)}{1 + r_+^2(b)}$$

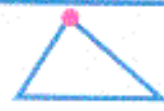
$$r_{\pm}(z) = \frac{1}{z} \left[1 \pm \sqrt{1 - z^2} \right] \quad z = a, b$$

$(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta})$ from $(R_t, \sin 2\beta)$



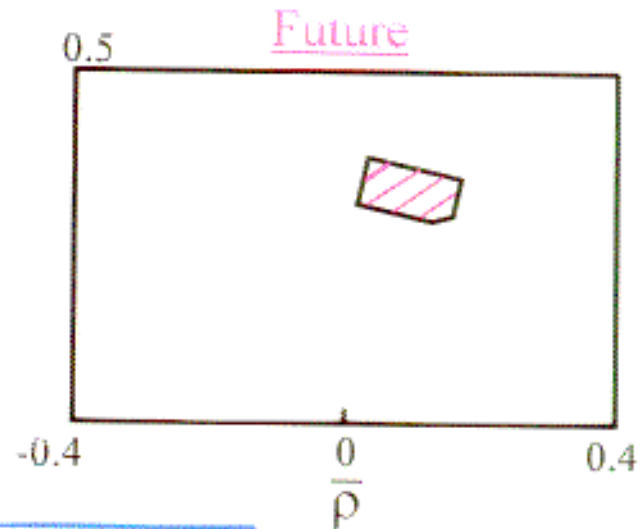
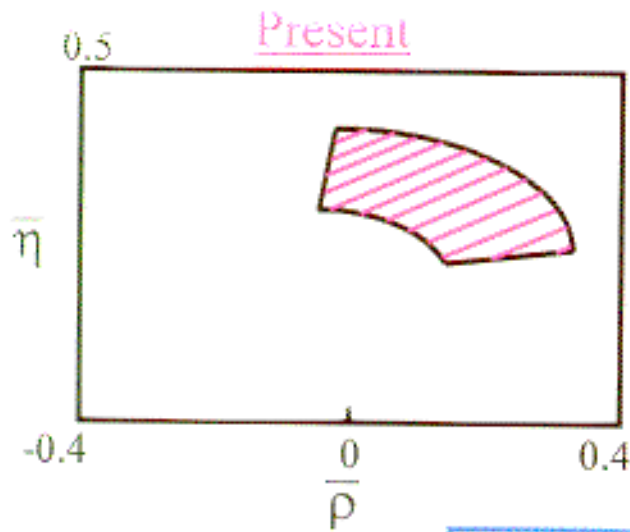
$$\bar{\rho} = 1 - \bar{\eta} r_+(b) \quad \bar{\eta} = \frac{R_t}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{b r_-(b)}$$

Progress in



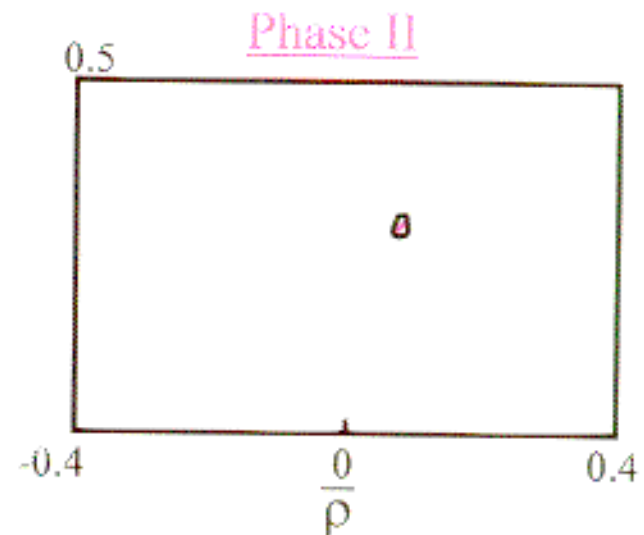
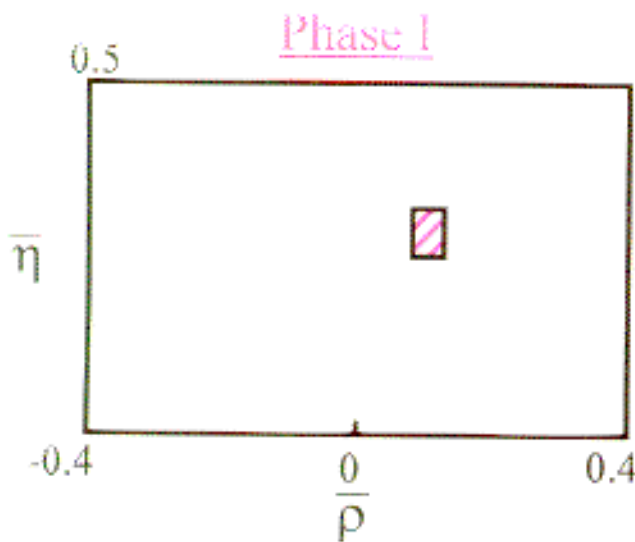
Standard Analysis

$(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta})$



~~CP~~ Asymmetries

(B Decays)



$$\sin 2\alpha = 0.40 \pm 0.10$$

$$\sin 2\beta = 0.60 \pm 0.06$$

(BABAR, HERA-B, BELLE)

CLEO III, CDF, DØ

$$\sin 2\alpha = 0.40 \pm 0.04$$

$$\sin 2\beta = 0.60 \pm 0.02$$

(LHC-B, BTeV)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu} \\ K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu} \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{CP - B Decays} \\ (\sin 2\alpha, \sin 2\beta) \end{array} \right\}$$

(Buchalla, AJB 96)

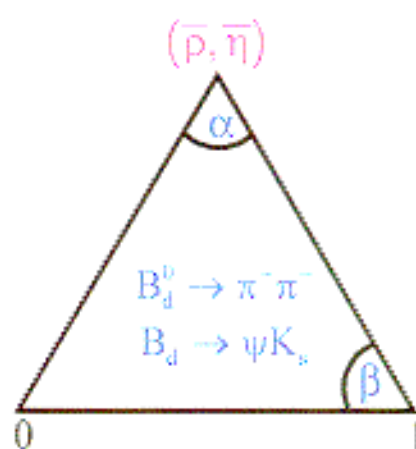
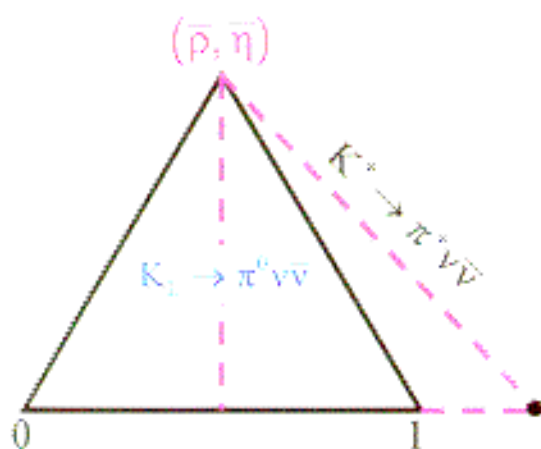
$$\Delta \text{Br} = \pm 10\%$$

$$\Delta m_t = \pm 3 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta V_{cb} = \pm 0.002 \text{ (0.001)}$$

Present: ± 0.003

Errors	$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$	Phase I	Phase II
$\Delta V_{td} $	$\pm 10\%$ (9%)	$\pm 5.5\%$ (3.5%)	$\pm 5.0\%$ (2.5%)
$\Delta \bar{\rho}$	± 0.16 (0.11)	± 0.03	± 0.01
$\Delta \bar{\eta}$	± 0.04 (0.03)	± 0.04	± 0.01
$\Delta \sin 2\beta$	± 0.05	± 0.06	± 0.02
$\Delta \text{Im}\lambda_t$	$\pm 5\%$	$\pm 14\%$ (11%)	$\pm 10\%$ (6%)



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu} \\ \sin 2\alpha, \sin 2\beta \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta V_{cb} = \pm 0.001 \\ \Delta \left| \frac{V_{ub}}{V_{cb}} \right| = \pm 0.003 \end{array} \right\}$$

Future Targets

$$\Delta V_{cb} = \pm 0.001$$

$$\Delta |V_{ub} / V_{cb}| = \pm 0.01$$

$$\Delta(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{exp}} = \pm 1 - 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Improved $(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{th}}$

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$

$$\sin 2\beta$$

α, γ from CP - B

$B_S^0 - \bar{B}_S^0$ Mixing

$$K_{L,S} \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ e^-$$

$$B \rightarrow X_S \mu^+ \mu^-$$

Improved $B \rightarrow X_S \gamma$

Electric Dipole
Moments

$$\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$$

*The Future
until
2011
should be
very exciting*