

Homework Assignment III

This assignment is worth 10 points, and is due in class on Thu, March 7.

1. (A supersymmetric variation on Problem 1.4 of [Polchinski, Vol. I]):
 Consider open superstrings in the Green-Schwarz formalism, in light-cone gauge. (a): Show that the open string states at the first massive level above the massless level (which contained the massless vector supermultiplet discussed in class) form complete representations of $SO(9)$ (or, more precisely, of $\text{Spin}(9)$); list the irreducible representations of $SO(9)$ that appear.
 (b) Verify that the number of fermionic states matches the number of bosonic states, as expected from a (spacetime) supersymmetric theory.
 (c) Noticing that $SO(9)$ would be the little group of massless particles in eleven space-time dimensions, compare this spectrum of string states at the first massive level to the massless spectrum of a hypothetical supersymmetric theory in eleven spacetime dimensions.
2. Repeat (1.a, b, c) in the Neveu-Schwarz-Ramond formulation of the open superstring, carefully incorporating the GSO projection.
3. Consider a Majorana fermion ψ_α on a two-dimensional world-sheet Σ in the background of a general zweibein field e_a^A and its associated spin connection ω_a^{AB} . (Here a, b, \dots are worldsheet vector indices, A, B, \dots are the internal indices of a two-dimensional Lorentz group $SO(1, 1)$, and the spinor index α on ψ will be kept implicit.) The action for ψ is given by

$$S = \frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{\Sigma} d^2\sigma e \bar{\psi} \rho^\alpha D_\alpha \psi, \quad (1)$$

where $e \equiv \det(e_b^A)$ and the covariant derivative D_a is defined on ψ by

$$D_a \psi \equiv \left(\partial_a + \frac{1}{4} \omega_a^{AB} \rho_{AB} \right) \psi, \quad (2)$$

with $\rho_{AB} \equiv \frac{1}{2} [\rho_A, \rho_B]$ the antisymmetrized product of two gamma matrices of the two-dimensional Lorentz group $SO(1, 1)$. Verify that the covariant derivative can be replaced in Eqn. (1) by the ordinary partial derivative ∂_a (i.e., the spin-connection-dependent term in (1) vanishes identically). Which properties of the two-dimensional gamma-matrix algebra and of Majorana fermions do you have to use in this proof? [Thanks to Kenji Kadota for asking this question in class! :-)]